THE TIMES
Delivered at your home, 25 cents per week.

Victoria Daily Times.

PRESCRIPTIONS
Prepared by competent chemists at all hours.
C. E. JONES, 36 Gov't St.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 26, 1894. No. 103

RINGS

Set with Diamonds (single and in cluster), Rubies, Emeralds, Saphires, Opals and Pearls.

A large assortment of unset stones always on hand which can be mounted at short notice. Prices are AWAY DOWN at

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S,
.....47 Government Street.

Mantles, Jackets, Capes and Blouses,

The Largest Stock in the Province, at.....

THE WESTSIDE.

A Large Assortment of LADIES' COTTON UNDERWEAR opened to-day.
Showroom and Underwear Department up stairs.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

April 14, 1894.

Every Lady

In town will want a pair of those nice laced Dongola boots with patent tips which we are selling at

$1.75 per Pair.

They satisfy the desire to be dressy and are not hard on the pocket-book; they last long, and as long as they last they they keep the shape of the last.

A. B. Erskine,
Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

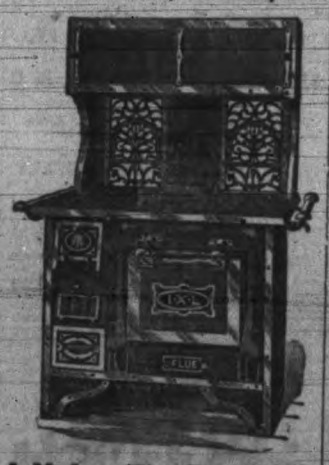
WEILER BROS., Have Received
Per Steamship Mogul
3,600 YARDS of
JAPANESE MATTING
ALL KINDS AND PRICES, FINE ASSORTMENT.

We have also received some Printed Toilet Sets, Demijohns, Butter Crocks, Filters, Etc. Other goods constantly arriving.

FORT STREET. VICTORIA.

PERRY & TURNER,
42 Johnson St, VICTORIA, B.C.

"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE.



I.X.L.--The Best Steel Range Made.

Builders' Hardware,
Stoves
Tinware and
Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights
And Roofing.

NOTICE—DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between Samuel Kirschberg and Frederick Landsberg, carrying on business under the name and style of the Victoria Loan Office, at 123 Government street, Victoria, has been dissolved by mutual consent from the date hereof.

Mr. Frederick Landsberg will assume all liabilities and collect all assets of the late firm, and will continue the business on his own account under the name and style of the Victoria Loan Office.

Dated 14th April, 1894.

SAMUEL KIRSCHBERG.
(By his attorney in fact, Frederick Landsberg).

FREDERICK LANDSBERG.
Witness—S. Perry Mills. a24-1m

MORRIS'
ORIGINAL
Special Arcadia Mixtures.

Beware of imitations by other tobacconists. The only Leading Tobacconist, Colonist Block.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A general servant at No. 4 Erie street, James Bay. a26-3t

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A flat of eight furnished rooms. For particulars enquire at 13 Trounce avenue. a26-tf

POLLARD vs. BRECKINRIDGE celebrated breach of promise case; Agents Wanted; book ready; history of litigants; illustrated; 500,000 will be sold; prospectus free. W. H. Ferguson Co., Cincinnati, O. a26-5t-eod

WANTED—A smart boy for office. Address stating qualifications and salary required, to A. B., Box 147, Victoria.

Liberal Association.

The regular fortnightly meeting of the Victoria Liberal Association will be held on Friday, 27th inst., at 8 p.m. in Philharmonic Hall, up stairs.

Mr. John McMillan will address the meeting on the "Duties and Responsibilities of the Liberal Party."

All the members are requested to be present and to bring with them friends who are in sympathy with the Liberal Party and willing to join the Association.

BY ORDER OF THE COMMITTEE.

CELEBRATION COMMITTEE.

The Regatta Committee will meet at City Hall, FRIDAY Evening, April 27th, at 8 o'clock.

BEAUMONT BOGGS,
Secretary.

AUCTION

Mortgagee's Sale,
House and Lot,
SATURDAY, MAY 5, 11 A.M.

I will sell at my Salesroom, Wharf street, under the power of sale contained in a certain Indeature of Mortgage, made and executed by Samuel Edmunds Field, dated Sept. 22, '90, and Jan. 29, '91, respectively; all that piece or parcel of land known as Lot 69 being a subdivision of lots 22, 24, 25, Fernwood Estate, as per map 142, L. R. Office The said property has a frontage on North Pembroke Street of 152 ft. 8 in. and 114 ft. on Belmont Avenue, more or less. There is a good dwelling house on this property.

For particulars apply to Davie, Pooley & Luxton, 47 Langley street, Mortgagee's Solicitors, or to

GEO. BRYNES, Auctioneer.

JOSHUA DAVIES,

AUCTIONEER.

TUESDAY, MAY 1st, 1894

Customs Sale

Under instructions from A. R. Milne, Esq., Collector, I will sell by Public Auction at Customs warehouses and wharves

ALL GOODS REMAINING UNCLEARED,

Especially from Sale advertised on February 20, 1894, At 10 O'CLOCK, a.m. at the OUTER WHARF At 11 o'clock, Unclaimed Goods on INNER WHARF B; Immediately afterwards on Turner, Beeton's wharf 2, at Appraiser's office, H.B. Co.'s warehouse No. 2.

Particulars can be had at the Customs House.

Terms Cash.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
Auctioneer.

In the Matter of the Nakusp & Slocan Railway Co.

To All Whom it May Concern:

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Royal Commission to them issued, and dated the 20th April instant, the undersigned will hold a session at the Court House in the City of Victoria, on Wednesday, the 9th day of May, proximo, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of opening the said Commission and of entering upon and conducting the enquiries relating to the several matters mentioned in the resolution of the Honorable the House of Assembly praying that such Commission might issue—which resolution was approved by an order in Council dated the 16th April, instant.

And all parties interested in such enquiries or in the matters in such resolution referred to and who may wish to bring forward charges or exculpations, or evidence relating thereto shall be heard.

MATT. B. BEGBIE,
J. W. BURRIDGE,
Commissioners.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., 25th April, 1894.

MONEY

$500,000 to loan at low rates of interest on improved farm and city property, by the Sun Life Assurance Co. of Canada.
Apply to

J. E. CRANE,
Manager for B. C.,
30 Broad Street.

HANDS OFF PLEASE.

To the Annexation of Samoa to New Zealand

GERMANY SAYS ACH HEIN MEIN HERR

New Zealand She says Has no Right to Interfere—The National Trio of Managers Quite Competent—German Commercial Interests Supreme in the Islands.

Berlin, April 26.—The North German Gazette, in an inspired article regarding the annexation of Samoa to New Zealand, says the latter country has no right to interfere in the administration of Samoan affairs. The three treaty powers interested are perfectly competent, it says, to arrange matters with due regard to the interests of Samoa. The commercial interests of Samoa are almost exclusively in German hands, and no amount of agitation on the part of English colonies can alter that fact.

Shifting the Ferris Wheel.

Chicago, April 26.—A small army of skilled workmen to-day entered upon the task of taking to pieces the Ferris Wheel, which since the close of the World's fair has reared its head above the scene of ruin and desolation at Jackson park. It will be removed to New York, where it will be erected at Broadway and 37th stret. The work of taking down, transporting and re-erecting the wheel is expected to occupy the greater part of six months.

Bad to Import Talent.

New York, April 26.—Nearly all the sections of the bronze figures for the Confederate soldiers' and sailors' monument, which is to be unveiled next week at Richmond, Va., have been shipped from the Bohnard bronze foundry in this city. One of the sections of this statue is the largest ever cast in this country. The main statue is sixteen feet in height, and weighs nearly 6,000 pounds. The French workmen who made the castings have been invited to be present at the unveiling.

Coxey's Notoriety Spreading.

London, April 26.—The Coxey movement in the United States is attracting considerable attention both in this country and on the continent, and is furnishing a fruitful theme for editorial writers of the leading papers. The organs of the trades unions and labor organizations in general are publishing long reports of the movements of the different "armies," and are inclined at long range to regard the commonweal movement as the beginning of the social emancipation of the toilers in the States.

The fact that the movements of the armies have not been checked by the authorities is also the source of considerable surprise and comment. In this country such a demonstration would have been impossible both under the general laws and the various county regulations governing assemblages and demonstrations, and were a commonweal to start out from any of the large English centres of poulation bound for London with the same object in view as these popularly ascribed to Coxey, the chances are that the ringleaders would have been arrested for treason by the time their first halting-place was reached.

TERMINAL CITY TOPICS.

The Prize Fighters—Happy Pinafores—Russell for Independence.

Vancouver, April 26.—In the matter of Frank Britton, charged with seconding the prize fighters, judgment was reserved this morning.

The New Westminster amateurs made a hit last night in Pinafore.

Jim Dickson, a pioneer of this city, died last night as the result of a spree. He was well known throughout the province.

An effort is to be made to get J. A. Russell, who was rejected by government supporters last night, to come out as an independent candidate.

American.

New York, April 26.—The marriage of Miss Faith McNanee, granddaughter of the late Jacob Vanderbilt, and grandniece of Commodore Vanderbilt, and Bernard Eckhout was solemnized this afternoon at St. John's church on Staten island, in the presence of a large number of friends of both families.

New York, April 26.—So far as can be learned the representative labor men of the country are not tumbling over each other in their anxiety to be recorded on the roll of delegates to the labor convention called for next Saturday at Philadelphia by Joseph R. Buchanan, a former leader of the Knights of Labor, and one of the most bitter opponents of ex-General Master Workman Powderly during his administration. It is certain that the Knights will not be represented at the conference.

San Francisco, April 26.—J. Lowrie is in the city on a tour of inspection in connection with the railway and steamship mail service, and will shortly proceed north.

The Marquis of Ailesbury.

The death of the Marquis of Ailesbury leaves London without a spendthrift of celebrity at the present moment. Ailesbury was a lion of enduring fame. He was always on parade at the most popular of the prominent halls, was a noted figure at glove fights and similar sporting events, and was always to be found in the ring and on the leading race tracks, where he would bet ten shillings, if he did not happen to have credit for a larger amount, with quite as imperturbable a face as he had formerly set down wagers of £10,000 apiece. Though the marquis has been literally a bankrupt and without funds for two years, he boasted a great many friends at the time of his death. He was a considerable personage in England, even if he did happen to be a blackguard and penniless.

At one time, about two years ago, through some curious freak, he took a fancy to young Benson, otherwise known as "Jubilee Jiggins," and for several months they wandered around together, the observed of all observers. Ailesbury had squandered a million pounds in ten years, but Benson had squandered a million and a half in a year and a half, and he spent his money with considerably more idiotic lavishness than the other man. Robert Peel had just appeared above the horizon as a spendthrift at this time, but he met Mrs. Langtry, and was a poor man in six months. Mrs. Langtry then transferred her affections to Abington Baird, who died at New Orleans, and at the present time London is struggling along without a single spendthrift to talk about.

THE INSOLVENCY BILL.

Board of Trade Delegates Present Their Views to Government To-Day.

More Donnybrook in Committee—Sir John Defends Action on School Question.

Ottawa, Apl 26—Delegates of Boards of Montreal, Hamilton, Quebec and Toronto waited on the special committee of the senate to-day and presented their views regarding the insolvency bill. The general opinion of the delegates was that a discharge at 33 per cent. was too low, and it should be put at about 75 per cent. All the delegates are in favor of the principle of the bill so that it is only the details that have to be discussed.

There was another stormy meeting of the banking and commercial committee over the consumers' cordage bill. After a couple of hours' discussion the committee adjourned without even adopting the preamble.

Sir John Thompson spoke in the house this afternoon on the school question, to justify the action of the government in having referred the matter to the courts.

TO WARN THE SEALERS.

Pheasant Sails This Afternoon on That Mission—Short Time in Which to Act.

Hyacinth Will Depart Saturday to Join the Patrol—What Her Orders Are.

Late yesterday afternoon orders were received at Esquimalt to have H. M. S. Pheasant proceed north immediately and warn the sealers to cease hunting on Monday, April 30. The orders came from the admiralty and were received by Captain May of H. M. S. Hyacinth, senior officer at present on the station. He issued sealed orders to Lieut.-Commander Blair of the Pheasant which will be opened when the vessel gets outside. The orders have not been made public but their general tenor is known. The Pheasant will proceed first to the west coast, warning any vessels which may be there, and will then go north in the wake of the schooners and seals. A delegation of sealers consisting of E. B. Marvin, Richard Hall, George Monroe, Captain Grant Captain Warren and Captain Hackett called upon Captain May this morning and gave him all possible information as to the present location of the schooners. It is believed that many of them are north of and in the vicinity of Queen Charlotte Islands. The owners will forward letters to their captains directing them to cease sealing on April 30 and immediately clear away for home. Captain May stated this morning that vessels caught sealing after April 30 were liable to seizure. He did not go into a full explanation of the exact instructions issued by the admiralty but simply stated that the schooners were liable to seizure after April 30. The Pheasant had only 14 tons of coal in her bunkers last evening when the orders to sail were received. Preparations were immediately begun for sea. This morning the ship was alongside of the wharf, and coal was being put aboard her as rapidly as possible. Her orders were to proceed to sea at 9 o'clock but it was impossible to get her ready at that hour. She will, however, get away between 4 and 5 o'clock this afternoon. She will carry provisions enough to last her for two months. She has practically only four days in which to do her work and the amount of good which she can do is questioned. She can, by being pushed, make Queen Charlotte by Sunday and will very likely see a number of schooners before reaching there. The schooners warned will probably assist as far as possible in spreading the warning. Captain Gandin, agent of the marine and fisheries department, received a telegram from Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper notifying him that a vessel had been ordered out to warn the sealers and requesting him to notify all the parties interested.

H. M. S. Hyacinth has also been ordered to prepare for sea, and to sail on Saturday to form a part of the patrol to keep pelagic sealers out of prohibited waters. It was originally intended to repair her, and her stores had all been taken out of her. They will now be returned to her and she will hastily prepare for sea in the next few days. Orders to that effect were also received last evening. All that is known of them or the instructions to Captain May is what he said to the sealing delegation this morning.

McMillen's Elegant Siesta.

Washington, April 26.—Congressman McMillen of Tennessee is confident that the tariff bill will pass the senate with the income tax clause retained. He says almost everything else might be eliminated, but the income tax will remain. He declares it to be a most popular feature, and adds: "Like a boil on another fellow's neck, everybody else can bear it philosophically."

FLORRIE'S FORTUNE.

One of San Francisco's Fairest Young Damsels

MISS FLORENCE BLYTHE HER NAME

May Now be Called a Millionheiress—What the Attorning Will Cost—Fabulous "Legal" Fees—Oddfellows in Their Glory—Women's Congress of Missions in Session.

San Francisco, April 26.—This is the great day of the Odd Fellows' jubilee, which the order has been celebrating in this city since Monday last. The grand parade in regalia took place this morning and the exercises of the day will be held at the exposition grounds this afternoon, followed by grand prize drill of the patriarchs militant, for a silver trophy. The skies were overcast during early morning and shortly after the procession started for the exposition grounds a light rain commenced falling. The column was in five divisions under the command of General E. H. Black, with J. W. Harris as chief aid, and despite the unpleasant weather, it made an imposing demonstration. It moved out Golden Gate avenue to the park, where it was joined by the Rebekah degree lodges commanded by Mrs. Carrie Warner, and the two bodies marched into the exposition grounds together.

It is estimated that the Blythe estate, the disposition of which the supreme court has just finally decided, is worth about four million dollars. Out of this sum the costs of litigation and other expenses, which the successful claimant, Florence Blythe, estimates will be about 40 per cent., will have to be paid, leaving the large sum of $2,400,000 or thereabouts at Florence's disposal.

The women's congress of missions, the fourth of the Midwinter Exposition congresses, was called to order by Miss H. L. Berry at the Palace Hotel this morning. There was a large attendance of well known ladies from various missions. Miss Berry, president of the congress, in a short address welcomed the delegates and outlined the object of the gathering, after which short papers were read by Mrs. Sarah B. Cooper, Mrs. J. Q. Henry, Mrs. T. Butler, Mrs. C. Judd-Montgomery, Miss M. Culberton and Mrs. M. P. Ferguson.

With Infernal Intentions.

Columbus, Ohio, April 26.—President McBride, of the United Mine Workers, received an infernal machine by mail today. It was turned over to the police.

Refused Clearance.

New York, April 26.—The conclusion of the Garfield National Bank to clear for the Harlem River Bank, the cashier of the Harlem Bank says it should not be taken as an indication that the Harlem Bank is in trouble. The institution is firm.

The British Premier.

Lord Rosebery has been a widower since the month of November, 1890, His wife, Miss Hannah de Rothschild, had a fortune of two millions, which Lord Rosebery enjoys for life, but is settled on his children. If Lady Rosebery had been free to settle her money as she pleased she would have given her husband greater freedom in the use of her fortune, but the Rothschilds are all arbitrary in the disposal of their wealth, and those who reside in England make settlements in accordance with English law. Lady Rosebery, by a will made in 1878, left her husband everything in her power, about £700,000 in money, and the reversion of several annuities to relatives, several of which have fallen in, amounting to £3,000 a year. A further sum of £10,000 in consols falls also to Lord Rosebery at the death of an annuitant. Lord Rosebery's eldest daughter is nearly fifteen years of age; his second, Lady Margaret, familiarly Lady Peggy Primrose, is thirteen. Lord Dalmeny and Lord Neil James Archibald, the two sons, are respectively twelve and eleven years old.

Mr. Gladstone's Eyesight.

All England is anxious to hear what hopes there may be of the perfect restoration of Mr. Gladstone's sight, and what prospect there is of an immediate or reasonably early recovery. It will surprise many to learn that less than a year ago his vision was not only remarkably acute, but was capable of standing a more prolonged strain than that of many men of less than half his age. It is not quite a year since Hospitals and Asylums of the World was published, and yet, so recently as that, Mr. Gladstone read through the whole of the four volumes—2500 pages royal octavo—without being conscious of fatigue. This fact we have on the authority of the late Sir Andrew Clark. It is to be presumed, therefore, that if circumstances permit of a fairly early operation, the recovery of sight will be complete and perfect, and Mr. Gladstone may live to spend many years of learned and peaceful leisure in the full possession of that noble faculty of sight which throughout life has been the source of his greatest and most valued pleasures.—The Hospital.

A New Mineral.

Henry Montgomery, writing to the Engineering and Mining Journal, March 31, [illegible] new mineral in Utah Territory, near the Camp Floyd mining district. It occurs in a thin seam and is often in nodules, which when broken through show a beautiful pale green color. The mineral in question is essentially a hydrous aluminum phosphate. When heated it speedily assumes a violet or pinkish color; whereas turquoise, a mineral closely allied to it, when similarly treated, assumes a brownish color. It is capable of receiving a high polish, and may possibly come to have a commercial value if it is found in flawless specimens of sufficient quantity.

COXEY'S INDUSTRIALS.

Progress of the Pilgrims Towards Washington City.

San Francisco, April 25.—The San Francisco and Oakland Industrials are now two distinct and separate armies. This morning the San Francisco contingent withdrew from the Cartier band and in future will have quarters in some vacant storehouse. The Oakland army has been reorganized and now Dr. Smith is in sole possession with the title of colonel. There are no signs of a movement east by the two armies. The San Francisco men took lunch to-day with the Oakland army, which is fairly well provided with food and has a little over $100 in the treasury. San Francisco soldiers were out this afternoon soliciting food, etc.

St. Paul, April 25.—The government has resolved to apply the stern hand of repression upon the 500 Coxey cranks who are flying through Montana on a train they stole from the Northern Pacific railway at Butte last evening. U.S. Marshal Bede received the following from Attorney-General Olney: "Execute any injunction by any other process placed in your hands by a United States court for the protection of persons or property against lawless violence by employing such numbers of deputies as may be necessary. If execution is resisted by force which cannot thus be overcome, let the judge issuing the process wire the facts to the President, with the request for military assistance."

About the same time Marshal Bede received the following from Judge Caldwell of the United States circuit court: "Little Rock, Ark., April 24.—To the United States marshal, district of Minnesota, St. Paul, Minn: If the persons who forcibly and illegally seized a train of cars from the Northern Pacific in Montana belonging to the receivers of the said road should bring the same into your district it will be your duty to seize the same and restore the possession thereof to the receivers appointed by the U.S. circuit court for your district. It will be your duty to summon a posse sufficient for this purpose. The attorney-general of the United States has been requested to procure a direction to the general commanding the department to render you any assistance necessary to execute this order."

Ellicot City, Maine, April 25.—Commander Clinton and his army of the Schuylkill met with a cold reception last evening, and were escorted out of the town by the authorities. The brigade arrived at 7 o'clock and pleaded in vain for a place whereon to pitch their tents. The citizens were obdurate, and "move on" was the answer to all requests. After being turned away by a dozen residents, the Coxeyites began quarreling among themselves, the upshot of which was that Clinton was deposed and Commissary Jackson appointed chief. Sheriff Fowler and State Attorney McGuire meantime appeared on the scene and ordered the brigade to leave the town at once, under pain of doing county work. The army left at 8 o'clock under the lead of Jackson, for Ashton, about 5 miles west, where they expected to remain the night.

Frederick, Md., April 25.—One hundred loaves of bread were sent to the Coxeyites' camp this morning, and the sympathy of the citizens appears to be with the men.

Billings, Mont., April 25.—There was bloodshed here this morning in a conflict between the train-stealing contingent of Coxey's army and a train load of U.S. deputy marshals. The Coxeyites were overtaken by a special train of marshals just as they entered the limits of the city. A posse at Columbus attempted to arrest the progress of the 500 unemployed who were in possession of the train. The two trains came on slowly during the forenoon hours until this city was reached, when a stop was ordered. Marshal McDermott ordered the leaders to surrender, and when they refused to do so, a few of the deputy marshals, without orders fired upon the men on the cars. A few shots were exchanged before the marshal could regain control of his men. One deputy was seriously wounded and nine Coxeyites were shot in the groin. McDermott decided that his force was too small and ordered them to cease firing. The captured train soon after pulled out. McDermott notified the authorities that his force was inadequate to capture 500 men. The train has arrived at Forsythe, 45 miles from Fort Keogh.

Miles City, Mont., April 25.—The soldiers at Fort Keogh have received orders to march at a moment's notice. The stolen train will be stopped at Keogh. At Livingstone the crew of the train took four box cars and a tool car to remove the rock reported to have been blown on the track. The train broke in the middle and the engineer took the best locomotive in the round house. Orders came from Washington to the commander of the department of Dakota to use all the troops at his command to detain the Coxeyites.

Uncivilized Chicago.

Chicago, April 25.—Richard Wallace, a well known attorney, to-day threw the dignity of Judge Hanecy's court room on its beam ends. He appeared to ask the immediate disposition of a motion for a new trial in a certain case, as he was going to leave Chicago.

"Yes, certainly," replied Judge Hanecy. "Where are you going?"

"I am going to where I can find civilization," answered the lawyer. "There is no civilization in Chicago. The place is inhabited by barbarians, thieves and outcasts. There is no humanity even in the courts."

Judge Hanecy looked puzzled for a moment and seemed uncertain whether to fine the attorney for contempt or treat the matter as an oratorical outburst. Pending the momentary silence Wallace walked off.

The Pappenheims Reconciled.

Philadelphia, April 25.—Countess Pappenheim, formerly Miss Wheeler of this city, is now on her way to Europe with her children. A gentleman who did much in arranging [illegible] Pappenheim-Wheeler wedding just four years ago at St. Mark's church, said to-day he believed a reconciliation had been effected and that the countess would again live abroad with her husband.

The Nicaraguan Quarrel

Bluefields, Nicaragua, April 25.—Since the departure of the San Francisco for Port Limon to coal and to send a report to the navy department of the situation here, there have been exciting events, with no bloodshed as yet. The cause, great uneasiness. Captain Wilson, of the San Francisco, left two officers here with instructions to proceed to Rama and investigate the killing of an American named William Wilson by the governor of that district. They have not returned, but a report reached here that the mail boat which plies between here and there, and which flies the American flag, had been seized by the Nicaraguans. A schooner load of Nicaraguan troops has just been landed, having come up from Greytown. It is reported three other boat loads of troops are coming. Locaye was much agitated when he learned that the troops were about to land, as he feared trouble would ensue between the Americans and the natives, especially as the man-of-war was down at Port Limon and would not return for several days.

TORY LEADERS.

Remarkable Behavior of Two Well Known Noble Lords.

London, April 25.—Each house of parliament was startled to-night by a scene quite unparalleled in their respective histories. The house of lords was suddenly amazed by the spectacle of a noble peer standing with pistol leveled at the head of Lord Salisbury. The dramatic situation was the climax to a queer speech by Lord Stanley, who was advocating a bill to restrict the sale of fire-arms. No dealer was to sell a pistol except to a holder of a game license, and married women were to be barred from having a license under any conditions, husbands being outside the definition of fair game within the meaning of the bill.

As Lord Stanley gravely explained this provision the house roared with laughter and there was not a dry eye on either the ministerial or opposition side. The beauty of the situation was that he was in sober earnest throughout. He produced two small boys as dreadful examples of the present laxity. One of the boys had recently shot the other seriously.

Then Lord Stanley produced deadly weapons from various pockets. Finally a murmur of surprise caused Lord Salisbury to look up from a letter he was writing. He found himself confronting the barrel of a pistol. The leader of the opposition shrank back and exclaimed hurriedly to the speaker. "Keep the point downward." Lord Stanley obligingly lowered the weapon and handed it to the prime minister.

The other scene was one about which London newspapers have been charitably silent. It was the pitiful spectacle Lord Randolph Churchill made in attempting to speak on the Coburg wedding in the house of commons. The once brilliant leader acted the part of a buffoon. He was incoherent, maudlin, and much which he said was unreportable. The house was at first inclined to act at his clownish antics, but soon grew disgusted and the members drew away from him. Balfour overcome with shame for his friend, covered his face with his hands until the painful exhibition ended. It would have been said of any other man that he was disgracefully drunk. It should be explained in charity to Lord Randolph Churchill that he is suffering from an incurable disease, which sometimes renders him irresponsible and which must soon force his retirement. The least indulgence is fatal to his self-possession.

British Bark in Distress.

San Francisco, April 25.—A British bark is aground on a reef about fifteen miles west of the straits of Lemaire. The disaster was reported in San Francisco to-day by Captain Gibbs, of the four masted bark Olympic, which made the trip from New York in 114 days. Captain Gibbs says that the stranded vessel was about on an even keel when he passed her, February 25. All the masts were standing and the rigging seemed to be in fair trim, but there was no signs of life about the vessel. The Olympic passed within two miles of her, but could not make out the name. The hull was then pretty high out of the water and she had black painted ports all along her sides. Seafaring men are at a loss to know what vessel she can be. Some of them say she must be the Crown of Italy, but it is hardly probable, as that vessel lost one of her masts when she struck, and the crew that left her soon after reported great masses of wreckage floating about. The Crown of Italy was in a position where she would be exposed to storms, and there is every reason to believe that she has gone to pieces long ago. Others say she must be the W. J. Henry, 155 days out from Baltimore for this port. The Henry is an American ship, and she has not been reported spoken since she left for her trip around the Horn. Her description does not agree with that of the vesel reported by Captain Gibbs, but they think he might have made a mistake in her rig and nationality.

Lion and Bear Fight.

San Francisco, April 25.—Col. Daniel Boone says the wrestling match between Parnell, the lion, and Siskyou, the bear, will come off according to announcement next Saturday night. Mayor Ellert's clerk, in the absence of his superior, declares that the brutes will not be allowed to tussle with each other. It is hard, however, to see how the authorities are going to prevent the fight, or wrestling match, as it is termed. Prominent attorneys have been consulted in regard to the power of the police, and the opinion has been given that the law offers no method of preventing an exhibition between a lion and a bear.

"If the match between Parnell and Siskyou is a success," says Col. Boone, "I intend to lease Catalina island, off the coast of Santa Barbara, and give there a week's sport that will overshadow anything ever heard of before. There will be bull fights, dog fights, cocking mains and battles between different wild animals. The elaborate programme will conclude with a fight between Corbett and Jackson."

The Coke Men Again.

Connellsville, Pa., April 25.—The men at a dozen or more coke plants laid down their tools yesterday morning, causing a complete shut down, while at two-thirds of the remaining works, part of the men [illegible] day or two. The 5000 men in this section of the coke region were expected to stop work to-day. The Cambrian men, numbering 2000, are expected to lead the strike. At a large meeting held at the Morrell works the men voted to join the strike and force all others out who refuse to do so peaceably. Another meeting attended by 3000 men was held at Vanderbilt, and similar resolutions were passed. The Frick employees at Leisenring, Nos. 1 and 2, and Trotter, will continue at work. The company called upon the sheriff to-day for protection; but received word that all the deputies that could be spared were at the works of other operators.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES.

Daily Chronicle of the Events of the Great Republic.

Santa Barbara, April 25.—The third annual flower festival opened to-day with an exhibition of flowers and fruit at the pavilion. The weather on the first day was not the best, but there are hopes for better to-morrow. The fetes always attract large crowds and this year the city is well filled with visitors, though the festival proper does not commence till to-morrow, when the floral parade and "battaile de fleurs" takes place. The excursions from outside towns will then have arrived and thousands of people will be added to the population for a few hours at least. The battleship Monterey is proving an additional attraction and has been visited by many people.

San Francisco, April 25.—Captain T. P. H. Whitelaw thinks he can raise the Los Angeles. The captain has an idea that the steamer is not pinioned as was the City of New York by the Point Bonita rocks, but that she probably rests on her side, perhaps her bilges crushed to some extent, but not pinned through. He has faith in the efficacy of his new submarine telephone system and thinks that a diver can work intelligently about the wreck, as the water is not very rough there and the Los Angeles being a small vessel she can be raised. The Rodgers iron works will also bid for the contract of wrecking the lost vessel, but from what the Pacific Coast steamship company say, the company will not try to raise the steamer. They say they will possibly save her and sell her for salvage.

San Francisco, April 25.—As many predicted, the Chinese took advantage of the Midwinter Fair concession to bring in a number of their countrymen intent on making a home in the United States. It was represented that after the fair was over they would return to the Flowery Kingdom. That this assurance was only a misrepresentation is evident from certain facts now in possession of the federal officials. It is believed that many of the "exhibitors" have already been scattered throughout the country, and that others were prepared to make long stays in the land of plenty. This is evident from the fact that five of them boldly attempted to take advantage of the registration act. There are but seven more days available for registration, and the estimate of those unregistered in San Francisco ranges from 3000 to 6000.

Boston, April 25.—The directors of the Union Pacific approved the annual report to the stockholders. The losses sustained by the sales of securities pledged as collateral for three-year notes, less the gains derived through the purchases of such notes under par, involved a net loss of $926,650, which was excluded from the returns of the year. The total income was $11,160,080; total expenditures, $13,755,921; deficit, $2,595,841; deficit of 1892, $2,069,757.

The Boston News Bureau announces "from an authoritative source" that the executive authorities at Washington and the Union Pacific reorganization committee have agreed upon Attorney-General Olney's plan for the adjustment of the Union Pacific's debt.

Chicago, April 25.—Attorney-General Maloney, in an opinion rendered yesterday afternoon, decided that the gas companies of this city are maintaining a trust in violation of the law, and he will institute proceedings at once to have their charters annulled. The attorney made the sensational statement in connection with the decision that he had positive knowledge that at the time he was speaking the trust was so altering their books and records as to make a favorable showing at the trial of the case.

Ellen Terry in Her London Home.

To see Ellen Terry at her most delightful, she must be seen at home, either at her house in Barkston Gardens, or, better still, in her cottage at Winchelsea. For Miss Terry is quite unspoiled by success, and remains a great lover of her home and an admirable hausfrau, with an eye for every variety of domestic, as for all other details. Barkston Gardens is situated in Earl's Court, quite three quarters of an hour's drive from her nightly work; but Miss Terry is by no means a strong woman, and finds that the air of the locality agrees with her peculiarly well. The house is a new one, some eight years old, built of red brick, with a suggestion of the style of good Queen Anne. The front is always bright with flowers, for flowers are one of the chief joys of the great actress's life, and she can never have too many of them. Incidentally I may mention that one of her favorites is the humble sweet-briar, growing so luxuriantly in cottage gardens and country lanes, the blossom which the Fair Rosamund gives the king, crying, "Shame on those who gave it a dog's name."

Miss Terry's drawing-room is a large cool room, looking upon the gardens in front, and a big Chesterfield sofa across one of the windows in her favorite corner. There is always a great basket of work at hand, full of "charity garments." . . . An apartment with severely striped walls and handsome frieze, it is full of curios as well as flowers, interesting mementos of celebrities past and present. A striking portrait of Mr. Irving, the work of Bastien Lepage, hangs opposite Miss Terry's own particular seat. Countless are the trifles of interest, among them a Bible that belonged to Miss Siddons; a letter in the handwriting of that great actress; a pair of shoe-buckles which are said to have been worn by a cavalier when in hiding with Charles II. in the historical oak tree; "properties" used by many a famous actor, and a cup that belonged to Sir Walter Scott. Another treasure valued by Miss Terry is a toilet cover, whereon is inscribed in "grease paint" a pretty little message of affectionate thanks from Sarah Bernhardt. She found it in her dressing-room, when she returned after having lent it for the afternoon to Madame Bernhardt, who was playing in some charity performance at the Lyceum.

All the rooms in which Miss Terry lives are interesting, but by far the most interesting is the little study in which she works. A low ottoman covered with cushions fills one corner, and it is here that the actress generally takes her daily rest. About four o'clock every afternoon she sleeps for an hour or two, to fit her for the hard work before her in the evening. There is, also, always some one at hand to read to her, for she finds that being read to soothes her more than any other inducement to sleep. A book-case lines one side of the room. The books are chiefly those useful in her work. Shakespeare is well represented, and there are many books on costume; for though Miss Terry usually puts this all-important matter into the hands of her old friend Mrs. Comyns Carr, she assists with many suggestions.—McClure' Magazine.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

Symptoms—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming [illegible] Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail, for 50 cts. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. tts&w

Mount Blanc Observatory.

The observatory at the summit of Mount Blanc is now complete. As already announced, it was first constructed at Mendon, in France, and transported in pieces to the top of the mountain by the railway to Chamounix, and from thence by porters and snow trollies of special make. It is founded on the hard snow of the peak, the base is over 30 feet long by 16 feet wide, says the London Globe.

The open framework of wood has the form of a truncated pyramid in two stages, and the rooms inside are reached by a spiral staircase. The roof is surrounded by a railing and serves for meteorological observations. All the walls of the rooms, as well as the windows, are double, and the latter can be closed by air-tight shutters. Provision is made for keeping the observatory vertical in case the snow of the foundation should lose its level, after the manner of glacial ice. The interior will be heated by petroleum and furnished with every necessary for life at that great altitude.

The first to suggest the institution of an observatory on Mount Blanc was apparently M. Vallot, an Alpine climber, who at his own expense built one near the summit, but M. Jenssen, the astronomer, has consummated the idea, thanks to the support of some well-known public men—M. Leon Gay, M. Bischoffsheim, M. Delersset, Prince Roland Bonaparte, Baron Alphonse de Rothschild and Count Greffulhue—who have formed themselves into a society for its support. M. Janssen, it will be remembered, despite his age, made a journey to the summit of the mountain to see whether the project was feasible. Borings failed to reach the rock and it was decided to build the observatory on the snow.

M. Janssen has again ascended the mountain in order to make the first scientific observations. The question which, above all, he wishes to settle is the presence or absence of oxygen in the solar atmosphere. He has already made observations on this point, but with an inferior Dubosq spectroscope, and not on the summit of Mount Blanc, where the atmosphere is so pure. On this occasion he used a Rowland spectroscope, which, unlike the other, gives the details of the B group of lines in the solar spectrum. The result only confirmed his former conclusion, namely, that the oxygen lines observed by Draper and others in the polar spectrum have a telluric origin, that is to say, they are due to the earth's atmosphere. Apart from its scientific value, the observatory will form a shelter and lodging to the Alpine traveler, who can thus remain for a few days on the summit, whatever the weather may be.

Mr. F. V. Warmoll
Toronto, Ontario.

A Narrow Escape

Took Poison by Mistake

Bad Effects Entirely Eliminated by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen—In April last, through the effects of a dose of strychnine taken in mistake for another drug, I was laid up in St. John, N. B., for ten days. After this I never seemed to regain my former health, and continually suffered from indigestion and heart palpitation, for which I could get no relief. I thought I would try Hood's Sarsaparilla. After taking one bottle, I felt a little better, so continued using the remedy until I had consumed six bottles. I found myself gaining strength

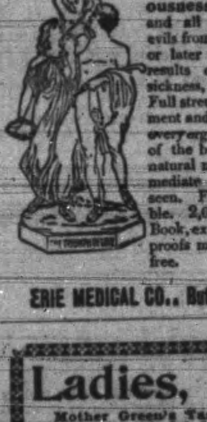
Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

and flesh every day, and am now as healthy as I was before taking the poison." F. V. WARMOLL, representing the Seely Perfumes, 30 Melbourne Avenue, Toronto, Ontario.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, jaundice, biliousness, sick headache, indigestion.

VIGOR OF MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.



Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

Ladies,

Mother Green's Tansy Pills, Used by thousands. Safe, Sure and Always Reliable. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. From all Druggists or mailed, free from observation, on receipt of $1.00. Sealed particulars, 3 cents.

LANE MEDICINE CO., MONTREAL, CAN.

For sale by Langley & Co., Druggists Victoria. [illegible]

IF YOUR TONGUE IS COATED YOU NEED THEM

ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES.

They are not a cure all, but are the best medicine known for Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from impure blood or sluggish liver.

25 CENTS A BOX.

Ask Your Druggist For Them.

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.

DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE

DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.

A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.

LANGLEY & CO., Victoria,
Agents for B.C. ly20

Notice to Subscribers.

During my absence from the city Albert Wylde will collect all subscriptions to the Daily Times.

B. HAIGH.

Daily Times office, April 21.

AUCTION SALES.

JOSHUA DAVIES,

AUCTIONEER.

By order of the Mortagee, on the premises known as the VICTORIA IRON WORKS, in the City of Victoria, under and by virtue of the powers of sale contained in a certain indenture of Chattel Morigage, dated the 5th day of April, 1893, and duly registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria. I will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

ON SATURDAY, APRIL 28, 1894,

AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M.

All and singular the Plant, Machinery and Chattels (more particularly described in schedule thereto), in, upon and about the messuages and premises of the

Victoria Iron Works Co., Ltd,

situate on the land known as Lots 5, 6, 18 and 19, in Block C, Finlayson Estate, in said City of Victoria.

The said Plant, Machinery and Chattels are to be sold subject to a mortgage to the Trustees of the Estate of Roderick Finlayson, deceased, for the sum of $3,737.00 and interest.

Terms Cash. JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

a25-td

AUCTION MORTGAGE SALE

Thursday, 3rd May, 1894

at 11 o'clock a.m.

I have been instructed to sell at my salesrooms, Wharf street, Victoria. Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, dated 14th October, 1892, registered in the Victoria Land Registry Office, in Charge Book Vol. II, Fol. 413, No. 13,500 B. certain lands situated on Carr street, James Bay District, and comprising all that piece or parcel of land known and described as sub-division Lots numbers 12 and 13, of Section VI, Beckley Farm, as shown on the sub-division plan deposited in the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria, and numbered 229. There is a good two-story dwelling house on the said lots, with nice garden. The property is desirably situated.

Terms of Sale—One-third cash, balance at 8 per cent. interest. For further particulars apply to Arthur Robertson, 6 Bastion Square, Victoria, B. C., or to

a24-10t G. BRYNES, Auctioneer.

Supreme Court of British Columbia.

In the matter of the "Winding up Act" and amending acts. And in the matter of the Victoria Iron Works Company, Limited.

The creditors of the above named company are required on or before the 26th day of April, 1894, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their solicitors, if any, to William Monteith, of the City of Victoria, the official liquidator of the said company, and, if so required in writing from the said official liquidator, are by their solicitors to come in and prove their said debts or claims at the Chambers of Mr. Justice Drake, at the Law Courts, Victoria, at 11 a.m. on Wednesday, the 2nd day of May, 1894, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefits of of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

Dated this 16th April, 1894.

JAMES C. PREVOST, Registrar.

a17-td

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRE ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 42 Third street, Victoria.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Second Street, between Kings Road and Bay Street is closed to public traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, B. C., April 14.

MUNICIPAL.

Assessment notices have this day (April 20th) been posted to all parties assessed for Land and Improvements in the city.

If not delivered at residence please call at postoffice for same.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
City Assessor.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

PATENTS
CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS
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City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDERS FOR DEBENTURES

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m. on the 18th day of June, 1894, for the purchase of Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $55,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, in sums of $1,000 each, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of May, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England, New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at 4 1-2 per cent. from the 1st of May, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Electric Lighting By-Law, 1894" with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., April 5th, 1894. ap15-td

$50 REWARD

Will be given to any person or persons giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons destroying or injuring the newly planted shade trees in Beacon Hill Park, or wilfully damaging other Corporation property in said Park.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
23rd January, 1894. j24

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 199 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plumerfelt, Gorge Road

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

NOTICE.

Third Street, between King's Road and Bay Street, will be closed to traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
mr31-tf City Engineer.

REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 18th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the residence of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed,
R. DUNSMUIR & SONS.

Victoria, B.C., March 16, '94.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,

ALBANY, OREGON.

SING KEE,

24 Herald Street, Victoria, B. C.

Intelligence Office.

All kinds of Chinese Labor supplied at short est notice. Contracts taken. m1-tf

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
133 Government street.

Private entrance on Pandora street.
Business strictly confidential. s19-tf

HE WAS CRUCIFIED.

A Weird Story Concerning the Late William Bredemeyer.

A short time ago a gentleman by the name of William Bredemeyer, a Prussian by birth and a mining expert by profession, died in Tacoma.

He was a quiet unobtrusive sort of a chap and considered by those who knew him to be an everyday citizen of the commonplace type, save that he had a fondness for joining secret societies, and at the time of his death belonged to nearly every organization of the kind in existence. He died of paralysis in the most orthodox way, but when the undertakers began to prepare his body for burial they found a most curious scar on his right hand. At one time there had been a hole made by some sort of sharp instrument in the plam, going in at one side and coming out at the other.

There was some speculation in regard to its origin, when suddenly one of the undertaker's assistants uttered an exclamation of astonishment and held up the deceased's left hand. There was a precisely identical scar upon that also. Men do not generally have bullet holes through both hands, and Bredemeyer had also similar scars upon each foot.

The right hand scar was not as long as the left hand one by an inch. Both were between the bones of the thumb and forefinger in the thickest part of the palm. The left hand scar was two and one-half inches long, and on both sides of the hands the scars set out like mountain ranges, compared with the size of the hands, the serrated top ridges of the ugly marks being white and smooth, like snow-capped peaks. They were exactly like the marks of crucifixion, and wonder, for crucified Bredemeyer had been, although he had never told the story to any one, and the fact was unknown until Bredemeyer's record of his own life was found among his papers after his death.

Bredemeyer was a graduate of the University of Bann and had qualified as a member of the Prussian pioneer engineer corps. That was in 1862. The next year he entered the Dutch-India service as a mining engineer and expert, and advanced step by step in his chosen profession until 1868, when the king of Burmah made him chief engineer of the famous ruby mines in the northern part of that country. Bredemeyer had headquarters at Medea, in the ruby mine district, wher big sapphires are also found. The mines are jealously guarded, and all the precious stones belonging to the king. From the ruby and sapphire harvest the king realizes from $50,0000 to $75,000 a year.

North of Medea, in the lofty mountains, there were some ruby mines which the king had not had prospected for various reasons. No white man had ever ventured into the mountains of the north among the half civilized singphos, who, while partially recognizing the authority of the king, were unruly and barbaric. Thither the king sent Bredemeyer.

His advent was the signal for great excitement among the Singphos. They had never seen a white man, and notwithstanding Bredemeyer announced his mission under the authority of the king, the Singphos were not satisfied. Their cupidity got the better of their loyalty; they though more of their rubies and sapphires than they did of the king's mandates. They decided to crucify the white man if he did not flee the country.

A handful of soldiers were with Bredemeyer, perhaps fifty all told, but then there were 3,500,000 inhabitants. The Singphos were not afraid of the soldiers. Bredemeyer refused to leave the country until he had carried out the orders of the king. The Singphos declared war. Bredemeyer's soldiers went into ambush, only to surrender the mining expert when the natives swooped down upon them.

While the soldiers were scurrying about for reinforcements the natives nailed Bredemeyer to a cross made of two pieces of native oil wood. Crude pieces of iron, with rough edges and slightly sharp at the end, were brought, and using stones for sledges the natives drove the iron through Bredemeyer's hands and feet.

There was great excitement, and the barbarians in their haste mashed the engineer's toes and fingers. Before the brutal work of nailing Bredemeyer to the cross was finished he became partially unconscious. The shock was almost fatal. The last thing he distinctly remembered was the swarming Singphos, looking like devils, with their flat faces, broad skulls, straight black hair, deep brown skins. As a rule the natives wear linen wrapped about their hips. These cloths are called ingies, and as Bredemeyer lapsed into unconsciousness he remembered that the ingies of the masters of the barbaric ceremony were besmeared with his own blood.

When Bredemeyer had been nailed to the cross the natives prepared to raise it and fasten the end nearest his feet into the ground. At that instant the soldiers returned with reinforcements and routed the natives. Bredemeyer was carried back to Medea.

The crucifixion occurred about noon. At noon the next day his wounds were dressed. The rainy season had not set in and it was very warm, and under the unfortunate conditions it was feared that gangrene would set in. He was cared for tenderly under directions from the king, and being accustomed to great hardships he speedily recovered, but never again ventured into the land of the Singphos.

The day of his funeral his casket was literally covered with fraternity badges, the gold bullion in which was valued at $500, but it is doubtful if an decoration there was as unusual as the four conferred on him by the Singphos of upper Burmah.—Examiner.

MIDWINTER FAIR.

New Exhibits Placed On View—Welcome Showers.

San Francisco, April 25.—Another very interesting feature to-day was added to the already wonderful Russian section in the Manufacturers' and Liberal arts building at the Midwinter exposition. It consists of very ancient rugs and tapestries, all in a perfect state of preservation. In one of the show cases in this new portion is displayed a crimson velvet and gold gown worn by one of the historical Medici family of Italy, nothing but the jewels having been removed from it since it was used, hundreds of years ago.

The committee on awards is now holding daily sessions. Nearly all the juries have been appointed and the work of judging the exhibits will begin almost immediately.

To-morrow the charge for admission to the fair will be 25 cents, and it is expected that the special attractions offered by Oddfellows' Day, coupled with the half rate, will bring out a crowd equal to that on St. Patrick's Day, or on other special days.

The dry weather throughout the state was to a measure relieved to-day by welcome showers of rain, principally in the northern and middle central sections. The indications are favorable for a further precipitation, and reports from all points show that the farmers are jubilant over the much needed visitation.

A DOG GONE CRAZY.

Suicide of a Spaniel from Alleged Over-Sensitiveness.

A spaniel that lived in luxury in Manhattan avenue, near Morningside park, and was surrounded by all that was calculated to make a dog merry, committed suicide by throwing himself from a fourth story window. He is the fifth or sixth dog in the city, says the New York Morning Journal, that in the past few years has taken a pessimistic view of life and ended his existence in a violent manner.

The spaniel's name was Jack. He belonged to George May of 438 Manhattan avenue. Jack was a very intelligent dog and was highly educted, having been taught many tricks.

It is believed that this dog could understand three languages, English, French and Bohemian. He was an eloquent talker in the dog language.

Jack was as sensitive as a young poet at a literary reception. If people failed to take a great deal of notice of him he moped and moaned and would have a bitter feeling that he was unappreciated.

Although he was only a dog he wanted to be considered a lion wherever he was. If he happened to see a French poodle all trimmed up, combed and barbered, it made him feel sick at heart.

The spaniel was reasonably cheerful until a few months ago. In his buoyant moods he would chase after clam carts, bark at book agents and "glass-put-in-men," and at time would condescend to frolic about the neighborhood with the humbler dogs of the vicinage.

But some weeks since, it is said he heard one of the neighbors read Schopenhauer aloud, and he seemed to adopt the pessimistic philosophy and became a moody and melancholy dog. He walked about in a sad and abstracted way, as if he thought life was a great swindle.

On Wednesday afternoon Mrs. May went out shopping, and the dog insisted on going along. When his mistress left him at home it wounded his feelings.

He walked about in the fourth story and shook his head and wept as he thought what this life is. Existence seemed hollow, illusory and bitter to him. He resolved to get even for the slight that had been put upon him by locking him up in the house. He would kill himself. He climbed upon the sill of the open window. The bright sunlight was pouring in and the little birds were singing in the trees in the street. "They have no more right to lock me up," reasoned the spaniel, "than they have to lock up a sparrow."

A French poodle, trimmed up like a black lion, and wearing blue and pink ribbons, was roaming along the sidewalk on the opposite side of the street.

"Happy dog!" thought the spaniel. Why cannot I look like a lion and walk up and down the street, a howling swell?"

He grew sadder and sadder. Life was all as black as the French poodle across the street. At last he resolved to emphasize his spite for such a world as this, such a clumsy imitation of a world, by leaving it.

He looked down on the area four stories below. He leaped from the window. He fell on the stones in the areaway. His back and two of his legs were broken. He had a moment's feeling of delight that he had triumphed over his misfortunes, and died.

Mr. May returned home at 5 o'clock in the afternoon and foud the dog missing. A few minutes later a neighbor brought in the melancholy remains of Jack. Mr. May did not doubt, knowing the extreme sensitiveness of Jack, that the aqimal had committed suicide.

The deceased family pet was sent to the taxidermist.

TWO REPUTATIONS.

Philadelphia Clubmen Pitted Against Each Other in a Drinking Match.

Two men sat down to a small table in a Philadelphia club a few evenings since for a purpose. It was to decide who possessed the greatest capacity for white wine. Each had the reputation, which he studiously sustained, of being able to stand more fermeuted juice of the grape than the other, and their criticisms of each other had become so unbearable that interested persons determined by opposing the boasters to end or mend their talk. So a grand match was arranged. On the evening before the test, says the Press, a friend of the elder contestant, who was a practical joker, approached the wine drinker, and, laying one hand confidingly on his shoulder, spoke 'hus:

"Look here, old man, I speak as a friend. You've got a good reputation to sustain to-morrow evening and the other fellow hasn't. Now, as a friend, let me insist that you accept the bottles of wine I, as judge of the contest, shall prepare. They will be filled with water."

A sad look of hopeless despair passed over his face. To drink water, even though he won, was inglorious; but to drink wine and perchance lose, that was infinitely better. This decision resulted in an argument that lasted half an hour, and the wine drinker was then convinced. On the eventful night the two men sat down to the table, six bottles before them. The younger man was quick to the fray, the elder despaired when he tasted the pure unadulterated water, but he mastered his tastes and drank with a conquering smile. When the sixth cork was drawn each contestant stared at the other. This was wonderfully conducive to cheerful feeling, and so they promptly glared at each other. That made them rampantly joyous. "Down came one ponderous fist on the table, and its owner, the elder man, roared out, "Fool, how can you win. I'm drinking water."

A wan, sweet smile passed over the face of the younger man, as he faintly murmured, "So am I."

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

A BY-LAW

To Enable the Corporation of the City of Victoria to raise the sum of $100,000 for Sewerage purposes.

And whereas, for the purpose aforesaid it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, the sum of $100,000;

And whereas it will require the sum of $5,156 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest;

And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1893 is $18,511,412;

And whereas it will require an annual rate of 36-100ths of one mill in the dollar for paying such new debt and interest;

And whereas this by-law may not be altered or repealed except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council.

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation, by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $100,000 currency money, at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinafter recited;

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued, not exceeding however, the said sum of $100,000, either in currency or sterling money, at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000, (or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid,) and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof;

3. The said debentures shall bear date the thirtieth day of May, 1894, and shall be made payable in 30 years from the said date, either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debentures or coupons;

5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and the interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

6. For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency there shall be raised annually the sum of $4,500 and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity, there shall be raised annually the sum of $656.

7. For the purpose of the payment of the said sums, in the next preceding paragraph mentioned, there shall be raised and levied in each year a rate of 36-100ths of one mill in the dollar on all the ratable land or improvements or real property in the said City of Victoria, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them;

8. That it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures, and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of the said debentures.

9. This by-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided for in the "Municipal Act, 1892," and the amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the thirtieth day of May, A.D. 1894.

10. This by-law may be cited as the "Sewerage Loan By-Law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council on the 16th day of April, 1894.

NOTICE.

Take notice the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, for North Ward; at Barnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Central Ward, and at No. 27 Government street, (east side) for South Ward, on Tuesday, the 15th day of May next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 9 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's office,
Victoria, April 19, 1894.

No. 224.

A BY-LAW

To Authorize "The Victoria Electric Company, Limited," to erect poles and String Wires, and generally to operate and carry on the business for which the said Company was incorporated, under, over and through the streets and other public Places of the City of Victoria.

Whereas "The Victoria Electric Company, Limited," became on the 20th day of September, 1890, a duly incorporated company under the laws of the province of British Columbia, having for its objects, inter alia, the carrying on of a general business of electric lighting and electric power supply, and any other business which can be conveniently carried on by the company in connection with the above business;

And whereas shortly after the incorporation of the said company as aforesaid, the company, in pursuance, of and with the approval of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, and for the purpose of carrying on and giving effect to the business and purposes of the said company, caused poles to be erected and has erected a number of poles, and has strung wires thereon, in and through the streets and other public places within the limits of the Corporation of the City of Victoria;

And whereas the Victoria Electric Company, Limited, has petitioned the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to pass a by-law to authorize and approve of the erection of the said poles and wires by the said company already erected, and to authorize the said company to erect such further poles and wires within and through the streets and other public places of the City of Victoria as may be necessary for the due carrying on and operation of the business and objects for which the said company was incorporated;

And whereas under and by virtue of subsection 29 of section 104 of the "Municipal Act, 1892," the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria is empowered to make by-laws for the authorization and regulation of electric light companies;

And whereas it is expedient to pass the by-law petitioned for by the Victoria Electric Company, Limited;

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:—

1. It shall be lawful for the Victoria Electric Company, Limited, its successors and assigns, hereinafter referred to as "the Company," and they are hereby authorized and empowered to erect and continue poles and wires thereon for the purpose of electric lighting and supplying electric power, or any other objects which can be conveniently carried on by the company in connection with their said business, and to do such other works and things as may be necessary for carrying on the said works in and through the streets and other public places of the said City of Victoria; provided always, that the said works in erecting the said poles and stringing the said wires shall be under and subject to the approval and supervision of the City Engineer, or such other officer as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria may from time to time appoint.

2. The consent, ratification and authority of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria is hereby given, made and granted to the company in respect of the works already executed by them as aforesaid in the erection of poles and stringing of wires in and through the streets and other public places of the said City of Victoria, for the purpose of enabling the company to carry on and operate the business for which it was incorporated.

3. This by-law may be cited as "The Victoria Electric Company, Limited, Authorization By-law."

Passed the Municipal Council the 9th day of April, 1894.

Reconsidered, adopted, and finally passed by the Council this 10th day of April, 1894.

(L.S.) JNO. TEAGUE, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the 10th day of April, A.D. 1894, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any section thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

A BY-LAW

To Raise $25,000,00 to Acquire the Land and Improvements of the British Columbia Agricultural Association for Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition Purposes.

Whereas by a by-law of the Corporation of the City of Victoria finally passed on the 9th day of December, A.D. 1892, and numbered 149, there was granted to the British Columbia Agricultural Association by the said Corporation, the sum of $25,000 to aid and assist the said Association in its building operations;

And whereas the said sum of $25,000 has been duly expended on the erection of suitable and necessary exhibition buildings on the lands of the said Association in accordance with the terms and conditions of of the said by-law;

And whereas there was expended by the said Association upon its lands, and improvements thereon, a further sum of $20,000 obtained by loan secured by mortgage upon the said lands and improvements;

And whereas the said Association is indebted to various persons and firms in a further aggregate sum of about $5,000.

And whereas the said Association is organized not for the purpose of any private or individual profit or gain, but for the protection and advancement of the agricultural, mechanical and industrial interests of the province, and more particularly of those interests as associated with the trade and prosperity of the City of Victoria;

And whereas for the more effectual carrying out of the objects of the said association, it is deemed expedient and advisable that the Corporation of the City of Victoria, should purchase, hold and manage the lands and buildings of the said Association.

And whereas the said Association has applied to the said Corporation for further aid in carrying out its said objects and it has been agreed that upon payment by the said Corporation, of the said mortgage debt of $20,000 and the said sum of $5,000, the said Association shall and will grant and convey to the said Corporation in fee simple the lands and premises of the said Association, hereinafter particularly described for the purpose of holding agricultural and industrial exhibitions;

And whereas for the purpose aforesaid, it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, the sum of $25,000;

And whereas it will require the sum of $1,289 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest;

And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1893, is $18,511,412;

And whereas it will require an annual rate of 1-14th of a mill in the dollar for paying such debt and interest;

And whereas this by-law may not be altered or repealed except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council;

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows;

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $25,000 currency or sterling money at the rate, of $4.86 2-3rds to the one pound sterling, and to cause all such sums so raised, or received, to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the objects hereinbefore recited;

Sec. 2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed, and issued for such sums as may be required not exceeding however the sum of $25,000 either in currency or sterling money (at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling) as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid, and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof;

Sec. 3. The said debentures shall bear date the thirtieth day of May, 1894, and shall be made payable in fifty years from the said date at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

Sec. 4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof which interest shall be payable half yearly at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debenture or coupon.

Sec. 5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or in the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

Sec. 6. For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency there shall be raised annually the sum of $1,125, and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity there shall be raised annually the sum of $104.

Sec. 7. For the purpose of payment of the said sum in the next preceding paragraph mentioned, there shall be raised and levied in each year a rate of 1-14th of one mill in the dollar on all the ratable land or land and improvements in the City of Victoria, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

Sec. 8. It shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of the said debentures.

Sec. 9. The said Association shall immediately after this by-law shall have received the assent of the ratepayers of the Municipality of the City of Victoria, and before the said Corporation shall have paid the said mortgage debt or other debts or any portion thereof, make and execute a proper conveyance to the said Corporation of all those parcels of lands described as follows: All those certain parcels or tracts of land, situate in the District of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, being composed of the North Westerly three and thirty-eight one-hundredths (3 38-100) acres of sub-division 16 (ten) of section twenty-eight (28) Victoria District, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at a point on the Eastern boundary of said section twenty-eight (28) Victoria District, two thousand and eighteen (2018) feet south from the north east corner of said section twenty-eight (28); thence south two hundred and forty one feet nine inches (241 ft. 9 in.) along said eastern boundary; thence west and parallel to the southern boundary of the Driving Park, five hundred and ninety eight (598) feet to a road hereinafter described; thence north along the east side of said road, two hundred and forty one feet nine inches, (241 ft. 9 in.) to the Driving Park; thence east along the southern boundary of the Driving Park six hundred and twenty (620) feet to the point of commencement, and more particularly delineated on the map or plan attached to a certain indenture made the 18th day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, between John Sylvester Bowker, of the City of Victoria aforesaid, and Mary Bowker, his wife, of the one part, and the said mortgagors and trustees of the other part and registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria aforesaid on the 2nd day of September, A. D. 1891, in Absolute Fees Book, vol. 13 (thirteen) folio twenty-nine (29) as number 12,560 a, together with the right of way over and along the road fifty feet wide running north from the Cadboro Bay Road to sub-division eleven (11) of section twenty-eight (28) along the western boundary of the hereinbefore described piece or parcel of land as the same is now used and traveled, and that certain piece or parcel of land commencing at a point on the western boundary of section sixty-one (LXI) Victoria District, two thousand and eighteen (2,018) feet from the north west corner thereof; thence two hundred and forty-one feet nine inches (241 ft. 9 in.) south along the said western boundary of section sixty-one (XLI); thence at a deflection angle of ninety two degrees seventeen minutes to the left two hundred and sixty-seven feet eight inches (267 ft. 8 in.) to the western side of Cadboro Bay Road, thence two hundred and forty-two feet six inches (242 ft. 6 in.) north along the western side of the said road; thence west two hundred and eighty one feet eight inches (281 ft. 8 in.) to the point of beginning, containing in all one and fifty, two one hundredths (1 52-100ths) acres more or less as shown on the map or plan attached to a certain indenture made the third day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety one, between William Henry Thistle of the said City of Victoria, of the one part, and the said mortgagors of the other part, and registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria aforesaid, on the 2nd day of November, A.D. 1891, in Absolute Fees Book, vol. 13, folio 110 as number 12,734 a, together with all buildings, fixtures, commons, ways, profits, privileges, rights, easements, and appurtenances to the said hereditaments belonging or with the same or any part thereof held or enjoyed or appurtenant thereto, and all the estate, right, title, interest, property claim and demand of the mortgagors and of the trustees, in, to and upon, the same premises, together with all improvements, etc., thereon or appurtenant thereto, and deliver the same in escrow to the Bank of British North America, at the City of Victoria, to be delivered to the said Corporation, when and so soon as the said Corporation shall have paid and satisfied the said mortgage debt and other debts as aforesaid to an amount not exceeding however the said amount of $25,000 or such other sum as may be realized from the sale of the said debentures.

Sec. 10. The Corporation of the City of Victoria, may upon such terms and conditions as to it may seem just and reasonable grant to the said British Columbia Agricultural Association or to any other Association, Society or Company, having for an object among others the holding of agricultural exhibitions, the use of the said lands, buildings and premises, but the said Corporation in respect of such exhibition, shall in no way be liable for any debts, expenses, expenditures, losses or damages, incurred or sustained by any such association, society or company, holding such exhibition, or by any person or persons attending or exhibiting any article or thing at such exhibition.

Sec. 11. This by-law shall before the final passage thereof receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided for in the Municipal Act, 1892, and amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the thirtieth day of May, 1894.

Sec. 12. This by-law may be cited as "The Exhibition Loan By-Law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council this 18th day of April, 1894.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, for North Ward; at Barnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Central Ward, and at No. 27 Government street (east side) for South Ward, on Tuesday, the 15th day of May next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, April 19th, 1894.

A BY-LAW

For Granting Aid to the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

Whereas the Directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital have applied to the Corporation of the City of Victoria for the sum of $35,000 to aid the said hospital in paying off its indebtedness.

And whereas the Corporation of the City of Victoria has determined to grant such aid by donating to the said hospital the sum of $35,000;

And whereas the said Corporation is authorized to make such grant by subsection 13 of section 104 of the Municipal Act, 1892;

And whereas for the purpose aforesaid, it is intended to raise the said sum of $35,000 by way of loan upon the credit of the Corporation of the said City;

And whereas it will require the sum of $1,805 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest.

And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1893, is $18,511,412;

And whereas it will require an annual rate of 1-10th of a mill in the dollar for paying such new debt and interest;

And whereas this by-law may not be altered or repealed, except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council;

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $35,000 currency money, at the rate of $4.86 2-3 dollars to the one pound sterling, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinafter recited;

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued, not exceeding however, the sum of $35,000 either in currency or sterling money, (at the rate of $4.86 2-3rd to the one pound sterling,) as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000, or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid), and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof;

3. The said debentures shall bear date the thirtieth day of May, 1894, and shall be made payable in 50 years from the said date, either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debentures or coupons;

5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and the interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

6. For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency there shall be raised annually the sum of $1,575 and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity, there shall be raised annually the sum of $230.

7. For the purpose of the payment of the said sums in the next preceding paragraph mentioned, there shall be raised and levied in each year a rate of 1-10th of one mill in the dollar on all the ratable land or improvements or real property in the said City of Victoria, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them;

8. That it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of the said debentures.

9. This by-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided for in the "Municipal Act, 1892," and the amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the thirtieth day of May, A.D. 1894.

10. This by-law may be cited as "The Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital aid By-Law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council the 18th day of April, A.D. 1894.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, for North Ward; at Barnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Central Ward, and at No. 27 Government street (east side) for South Ward, on Tuesday, the 15th day of May next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, April 19th, 1894.

ADVERTISE
IN THE WEEKLY TIMES.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT. Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O. Box 422.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 7, Moody Block, cor. Yates and Broad Sts., under Imperial Photograph Gallery.

MISS FOX, Teacher of Piano and Harmonium. RESIDENCE—36 Mason street, near Pandora avenue. mar21-1m

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m., to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 6755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. SIDNEY WILSON, Sec. fe13

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary. ja16

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy28 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, Scribe E. 1-19

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER, K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREWS & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join. R. C. SMITH, Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET. L. GOODACRE. Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS. Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 129.

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE. 137 Cormorant Street.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. A. C. WEST Surgeon Dentist, Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C. Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving in all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

JOSEPH SEARS, Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc. 114 Yates Street.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

TO THE PEOPLE OF VICTORIA: Ladies and Gentlemen,—I beg to state that I have taken over the Leander Tepid Swimming Baths, Fort Street. I have had extended experience in this business in London, Eng. Being a certified medical masseur, I am prepared to undertake the care of all persons requiring my service. The water of the swimming tank and all other parts of the establishment will be kept scrupulously clean and fresh. Lessons in swimming by a competent instructor. On Ladies' Day (every Monday) a lady will be in attendance who will see that the lady patrons of the bath want for no comfort. Hot tea and coffee obtainable on the premises. Electric Bath now in operation; highly recommended by the medical profession. I claim your patronage, ladies and gentlemen, for the reason that it shall be my earnest endeavor to conduct this establishment on strictly first class principles. Trusting the same will meet with your approval and support, I have the honor to be, ladies and gentlemen, your obedient servant, DONALD F. MacDONALD. Late [illegible], London, England. mar31-1m

Having imported direct from Scotland the Latest Improved Sanitary Air Sewer Traps, Gully Traps, S Traps, and a great variety of Bends, Sewer Pipes, three feet lengths, I am prepared to quote the lowest prices. J. W. KELLER, Cor. Yates and Quadra Sts. mar26-tf

SITUATIONS VACANT.

SERVANT WANTED—Young girl for light housework. Apply to Mrs. Losee, 23 Belot street. a25-2t

WANTED—A dental student. Apply to T. J. Jones, L.D.S., over Bank of B.C.

WANTED—A nurse-maid where another is kept; wages $12; references required. Enquire this office. a25-3t

WANTED—Four or five girls to learn shirt making, etc. Apply No. 25 St. Louis St.

WANTED—Dressmakers wanted at the White House. a24-3t

WANTED—Young girl to mind child and help with house work. Apply in morning. 91 Henry street. a24-3t

FEMALE COOK WANTED—Apply to the Matron, Jubilee Hospital. ap16-tf

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros., Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Ore. jdsm&w

SITUATIONS WANTED.

EMPLOYMENT—Wanted by young married man; good book-keeper or correspondent; also experienced in the painting and cooking professions. Apply M., 5 Green street, City. a23-1w

COMPETENT CLERK, book-keeper and correspondent, with knowledge of shorthand and languages, offers his services for small salary sufficient to pay living expenses. Address "Stenog," Times office. a12-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A great bargain; four houses on two lots, North road, Spring Ridge. Heisterman & Co. a25-3

FOR SALE—Two splendid building lots within twenty minutes' walk from postoffice, close to car track, public school and park; frontage on two streets; price $650 each. Address "Property," Times office. a24-2w

HORSE FOR SALE, price $150; a good buggy horse, thoroughly quiet, does not object to tram cars, steam engines or anything else. Apply at H. M. Naval Yard, Esquimalt. a23-tf

FOR SALE—Fresh milch cows quiet and gentle. Apply to James W. Meldram, Douglas street. a14-2w

TO LET.

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS to let; use of bath; terms very moderate. Apply 27 Kane street. a24-1m

ONE OR TWO first-class bedrooms to let and housekeeping accommodation for married couple. Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior street, James Bay.

PIANOS TO LET—76 Princess avenue. a21-2w

TO RENT—A fine new two story, 6 roomed house; hot and cold water bath; $13 per month; near Dallas road. Apply at 169 Menzies street, of J. Piercy & Co., Yates street. a20-2w

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 room and saloon license, bar and bar fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burnes House.

TO RENT—Five room, well furnished cottage, desirable location, with large garden; rent $25. Apply at 118 Fort street. a14-tf

TO LET—Or for sale, a new house, with 5 acres of land, about three and a half miles from post-office. Apply Alan S. Dumbleton, 51 Langley St. feb7-tf

TO LET OR LEASE—Hotel with 20 rooms and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue. j3-tf

BOARD AND LODGING.

TO LET For housekeeping, two rooms, furnished, with water. Mrs. Wharton, 15 Caledonia avenue. ap16-1m

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—A liver cocker spaniel with fancy collar, name "Mac" engraved. Persons found harboring after this notice will be prosecuted. Reward if returned to Maude Chambers, Gorge road. a25-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

REMOVED—Miss Coffey, dressmaker, has removed to 61 1-2 Government street, up stairs, opposite "The Westside." a25-1w

WANTED—Party with capital of $1,000 to put in a stock of general merchandise at the best trading point in the province. Liberal inducements to the right party. Address H. P. Palmerston, Boundary Creek, B. C. ap15-1m

HOUSE WANTED—Within about half a mile of the Postoffice; 7 or 8 rooms; must be comfortable, with modern conveniences, etc. Address, giving particulars and stating rent expected, to "Visitor," Times office. mar 16-1w

The Japanese Bazaar

NEW GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER!

Porcelains, Baskets, Matting, Curios.

T. S. FUTCHER, Importer and Retailer, 41 Fort Street VICTORIA, B. C.

Teeth Without Plates.

By Dr. Findley's new method artificial teeth can be inserted without plates, nothing whatever covers the roof of the mouth, no rubber is used to give a bad taste and interfere with the speech. This system is specially adapted for public speakers, singers, etc., etc.

86 1-2 Government Street.

Medical Examination.

The next medical examination of the B. C. Medical Council will be held in the City of Victoria on Tuesday, the 1st day of May, next, at 9 o'clock a.m.. Further information can be had by applying to the Registrar. G. L. MILNE, Registrar and Secretary. a17-2w

C. P. N. CO., LTD., STEAMER

DANUBE Meyer Master Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf, —FOR— Naas River, Fort Simpson & Way Ports TUESDAY, MAY 1st, At 8 o'clock p.m. For freight or passage, apply at office of Company, 64 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C. The company reserves the right to change this time table at any time, without notification. JNO. IRVING, Manager.

S. VAN VOLKENBURGH, BUTCHER AND PACKER, 72 Yates street. Oc17

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WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager.

TO THE SUBSCRIBERS.

When you wish to have your address changed, please give former as well as new address.

The Daily Times.

"WARNING" THE SEALERS.

"Sir C. H. Tupper received a cable message from the high commissioner this morning, stating that the admiralty had ordered the naval officer at Esquimalt station to send a man-of-war to the northern Pacific immediately to notify the Canadian sealing vessels that the close season commences next week. Any vessel found in the waters proscribed by the Behring sea act which has just been passed by the imperial parliament will be seized without notice, every sealing captain, it is presumed, having been cognizant before he left port that the regulations adopted by the Paris tribunal would be enforced this year." Thus reads the latest announcement from Ottawa in respect of the sealing business, and it deserves to be embalmed for the peculiarly nonsensical ideas of British and Canadian officialdom which it involves. The sealing season closes on Monday, while the proscribed waters extend south to the 35th parallel. How is it possible for a man-of-war to warn all the sealers in the space of four days? And if all the sealers were warned even now how would it be possible for them to get out of the proscribed area in that short time? Yet if they are found within its limits after Monday their property is to be seized and ordered confiscated, on the ground that they are presumed to have known all about the award before they left. If there is any parallel to this outrageous treatment of men engaged in a legitimate calling by a set of highly civilized governments we should like to be told of it. The proverbial "Jedwood" custom of hanging men first and trying them afterwards is about the only comparison possible. And the Ottawa government must take its own share of the blame in this matter, for its urging seems to have been done very late in the day.

OPPOSITION CANDIDATES.

Though a little later than the government party in taking action, the opposition in Victoria have selected their candidates for the legislature in time to allow of their merits being thoroughly canvassed before polling day comes. The present contest is one in which the people have more reason than usual to adopt the motto "measures, not men;" for the course pursued by the Davie government has made apparent to the most careless citizen the necessity of having a change of policy if the province is not to be led into a ruinous position. It has in fact already been led so far that retreat to a place of safety will be a work of difficulty. Therefore the chief point to be kept in view by all Victorians, as by all British Columbians, is the imperative need of a change of administration, the personnel of local tickets being to this a minor consideration. But while this is the case, and while the opposition must for public reasons insist most strenuously on the adoption of the motto we have quoted, they will be far from shrinking from a comparison of the two Victoria tickets in point of personnel. Let them be compared man for man or collectively and the decided advantage remains with the ticket the opposition have placed in the field. Of Mr. Beaven and Dr. Milne there is no need to speak, since they have been tried in the fire of experience and their high quality is placed beyond question. Of Messrs. Dutton and Cameron the Times has already given its opinion, and we need only repeat that apart from their selection to represent special interests they are in themselves excellent legislative material. We may be allowed also to repeat a remark previously made, that the representatives of the workingmen and the single tax association can well join hands with the regular opposition, since all have reasons for opposing the government and none for upholding it. The government's policy is to enrich the few at the expense of the multitude, and this policy it will pursue more actively than ever if the multitude are foolish enough to give it a new lease of power. Another four years of Davieism will mean disaster for the province, a fact which single tax advocates and workingmen can see quite clearly. They are therefore natural allies of those who oppose the government on general grounds, and the alliance cannot fail to meet the approval of all true friends of the people. The opposition ticket will win in Victoria, but the advantage with which it starts should not lead its supporters to feel that there is no necessity for vigorous work. Efforts that may be put forth at small cost will make assurance doubly sure.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

During the month of March last the goods entered for consumption in the Dominion amounted in value to $9,730,094, and the duty collected was $1,915,341. For March of the previous year the value of the goods entered was $10,449,069, and the duty collected was $2,086,328, or a drop in the duty for the past month of $170,987. The value of goods exported for March this year was $3,601,807, compared with $6,545,326 last year, or nearly $3,000,000 of a decline. Some of the eastern Conservative papers have failed to mention these figures, probably out of consideration for Mr. Foster's feelings.

The Vancouver World is making vicious personal attacks on opposition members. Those gentlemen should feel like presenting the World with a vote of thanks, for it could adopt no better plan to raise them in the estimation of the electors. Every slur from the Vancouver exponent of Davieism is in fact a good certificate of character.

Premier Davie was in an unusually promising mood at Englishman's River. "Appropriation" promises have come to be a matter of course, especially on the eve of an election, but the premier went even beyond his ordinary feats in this line at this particular meeting. The really surprising part of his complaisance came out in these questions by the meeting and Mr. Davie's answers:

8. Would the government allow settlers in this district to appoint an executive committee annually to apportion the money voted for it?

Hon. Mr. Davie said he believed this plan hah been tried at Denman Island and works successfully. He felt sure that the chief commissioner of lands and works would only be too glad to have the matter of the appointment taken off his shoulders, and he (Hon. Mr. Davie) had made such a suggestion as this in Cowichan.

9. Would they allow us to appoint road bosses annually, subject to the approval of the government?

Hon. Mr. Davie said this was practically the same thing as dealt with in the last question, and he felt that the chief commissioner would have this responsibility taken off his shoulders.

Mr. Davie knows well that he and his colleagues have not the slightest intention of allowing the settlers any such privileges.

An Old Printer's Death.

The death is announced of Mr. Robert Clark, head of the firm of R. & R. Clark, Edinburgh printers. In a recent interview Mr. Clark told a Westminster Gazette representative that when Tennyson died 26 printing machines were engaged for three weeks in turning out his works. There was an unprecedented demand, but the works were out of print for only two hours. For thirty years no less than thirty hands have been uninterruptedly engaged in turning out Scott's works. The sixpenny edition of Kingsley's works had an enormous sale. The first two editions weighed over six hundred tons, and a million copies were sold in no time. On the subject of MSS., Mr. Clark said Professor Lindsay Alexander, on Friday, brought a MS. sermon and wanted proofs on the Saturday. The firm asked for a few days longer, but the professor was inexorable. "It's impossible," he replied, "I must preach that sermon to-morrow. It is a special sermon. I wrote it ten years ago, and now I can't make out a word of it."

Early Theatrical Critics.

Regular theatrical criticism existed in Birmingham as early as 1822, a little penny pamphlet, entitled The Theatrical Looker-on, making its first appearance on May 27 of that year. The only theatre in Birmingham at that time was the Royal, then under the management of the redoubtable poet Bunn, in succession to the elder Macready and Elliston, and the slovenly staging came in for some sharp censure from Looker-on. For example: "Mr. Bunn: In the force of 'Bombastes Furiso' on Friday last, the wing of a palace was left during an entire scene in a cottage. Pray when are we to expect the stage machinery for the wings will be used? And how long are we to see the dirty fingers of your scene-shifters pushing them along the grooves, frequently without being able to move them in time?"

Immigrants in America.

It is an interesting fact that very nearly five times as many immigrants from Italy as from Ireland have come here this year. Even the number of Jewish immigrants has been thrice the number of Irish. Both Ireland and Germany have within recent years fallen behind Italy and Russia as replenishers of our population and as powers in the American labor market. The Italians are very industrious laborers; the Russian Jews are very proficient traders. In past times it was the Celtic and Teutonic races that came here; in our times it is the Latin and Hebrew races that come. The Teutonic, Celtic and Latin elements amalgamate with the natives elements of the population, while the Jewish element stands apart from every other element, proudly refusing to amalgamate with any other. The Jews are as peculiar a people in this age of the world as they were thousands of years ago.—New York Sun.

DESPERATE CONVICTS.

Prisoner Jack McCabe Badly Wounded by a Rifle Bullet.

The attempted escape from the penitentiary yesterday afternoon of the notorious convicts, Ben Kennedy and Jack McCabe, was not quite correctly reported in our issue of last evening, owing to the difficulty met with in obtaining the details from the officials of the institution. It appears that the gang was working in the back field of the penitentiary farm, and from the peculiar actions of several of the convicts the guards became convinced that some trouble might be expected, and accordingly redoubled their vigilance. A latrine stands in the corner of the field, and Kennedy finding an excuse to go there, made a signal to McCabe to follow, which the latter did. On reaching the latrine Kennedy held up his two fingers, and the next instant a couple of convicts were pitching into each other in true Sullivan-Corbett style. This was part of the pre-arranged plan, and worked well, the guards' attention being directed to the row. McCabe and Kennedy made good use of this diversion to begin digging for the hidden rifle, which was secreted several inches under the earth, wrapped in greased bagging and with a greased plug in the muzzle. By the time the trouble had been quelled the rifle had been unearthed, and was in Kennedy's hands. Guard Burr saw the danger and rushed over to where the convicts stood, drawing his revolver at the same time. Kennedy passed the rifle to McCabe, who levelled it as Burr approached. "Drop it or I'll shoot you," shouted Burr. McCabe's answer was to take deliberate aim and pull the trigger. Burr had stood his ground like a brave man, and was within a few feet of the muzzle of the rifle when McCabe attempted to discharge it. Fortunately the cartridge failed to explode, otherwise the courageous guard would have been instantly killed. McCabe grasped the lever to throw in a fresh cartridge, but before this could be accomplished Burr fired, and McCabe fell with a bullet through the upper portion of his chest. Kennedy, who had been quietly looking on, awaiting results, offered no resistance and walked peaceably back to his cell.

The rifle, which is a beautiful weapon of Colt's manufacture, was charged with ten cartridges. From lying in the ground for a week or two, the needle had become encrusted with rust, which fortunate circumstance saved, no doubt, the lives of several of the guards and prevented the escape of the entire gang. McCabe was still living to-day, but his condition is very serious. There is every reason to believe the plot was widespread among the convicts.—Columbian.

GUARDS OF THE SACRED TOOTH.

Picturesque Members of the Barbaric Aristocracy.

Their broad hats of crimson velvet and golden embroidery blaze with strings and clasps of rubies and sapphires, every hat being surmounted by the towering gold badge of the wearer's race. Gorgeous jackets of red and gold brocade sparkle with the same precious gems and the voluminous white petticoats of gold-embroidered muslin are tucked up in a huge bundle under a golden belt incrusted with emeralds and pearls. A jewelled dagger flashes at the side, and the brown hands are almost hidden by huge rings, like miniature suns, with rays of many-colored gems surrounding the flaming disc of a great central ruby.

The bearded faces of these barbaric aristocracy express a sense of over-whelming importance as they advance, surrounded by a native guard bearing glittering spears, curious leathern shields, and great fans of peacock's feathers. Fortunately for my own share in the ceremony, curiosity over-masters dignity in one of the noble band, now a useful member of the Island parliament, and, he offers me a coign of vantage in the temple itself, after satisfying himself by a few preliminary questions that I shall not abuse this lofty privilege.

Following this bundle of gorgeous petticoats up the stone stairs, I enter the inner court of the sacred edifice just as a long procession of Buddhist priests, with yellow robes and shaven crowns, emerges from the dusky arches of an adjacent cloister. Tone and texture are equally varied in the priestly garb, which includes every shade of primrose, amber, canary and orange. The flowing garments, dyed with the juice of the jak tree and made of sating, serge, cloth or calico, leave the right arm and shoulder uncovered. The left arm holds the great palm leaf fan, which, together with an iron bowl for rice, constitutes the entire personal property of these dreamy ascetics, bound by a threefold vow of poverty, chastity and obedience.

The mystical and suggestive doctrines of Buddhism, an ethical philosophy rather than a creed, are often materialized in popular practice by the introduction of Hindoo rites and deities into the observances inculcated by the more visionary and speculative system. This religious degeneration resulted from the frequent intermarriages of Kandyan kings and Tamil princesses, who retained their own faith or grafted it upon Buddhism, which in some cases, they were compelled to accept.

The yawning gulf between the intellectual subtleties of Buddhist doctrine and the gross materialism to which southern India reduces the mysteries of Brahminism was thus bridged over, and the multitude, ever preferring the seen to the unseen, readily adopted a compromise which appealed to the sense as well as to the soul.—Cornhill Magazine.

SIMPLICITY OF A CARDINAL.

Outward Pomp is but the Covering of Unostentatious Austerity.

The private life of a prince of the church is always a subject of wonder to the curious. They are astonished at its simplicity and almost disappointed at what they would term its unromantic character. The cardinal's palace, whether its exterior be of princely appearance or not, is certainly very plain within. His apartments are not adorned with luxurious profusion, and usually contain only such articles of furniture as the demands of his work require.

I remember a visit to the rooms of the late Cardinal Simeoni, in the Propaganda palace, and was struck by the absence of everything suggesting a life of ease, writes Rev. F. A. Cunningham in Donahue's Magazine for April. The three or four ante-chambers contained but a few chairs for the accommodation of those awaiting an audience. There was nothing remarkable in any one of them.

The reception room itself is even more plain, a small compartment containing a long table with the usual covering of green cloth, a dozen common chairs for the use of the secretaries, a crucifix and a few pictures. The only object of real absolute worth in the whole suite of apartments was the grand old man himself, simple as a child, yet holding in his hand the religious government of over 25,000,000 people.

Rising at an early hour, the cardinal's first duties are immediately to God. Morning prayer, mass and meditation precede the slight breakfast of black coffee, with one or two rolls. His morning is occupied with the routine of business, and it is only in the evening that he can find the few hours of leisure for society.

In the social circle, sufficiently large at Rome, the cardinals appear most to advantage. It is then, in the brilliant play of learning and wit, that he is forced to display those charming qualities that must endow him for his high position.

The outward pomp, however, which etiquette requires of him is but the covering of a simple, unostentatious life; and if at the end of the day he may be seen walking out upon the Pincian hill, like other people, and taking a little rest and recreation, we cannot deny that he has earned it well.

PHILATELISTS' DIFFICULTIES.

The Craze for Stamp Collecting—States Living by It.

A momentous question is agitating the breasts of some philatelists just now. The postage stamp—whose property is it while passing through the postoffice? Before the letter has been dropped into the letter box there is no doubt about the owner; neither is there any after the postman has delivered it to its address. But while the thing is in transitu, in the intermediate state and middle passage, who has right to the little square of colored paper in the corner bearing the portrait of queen or emperor or the symbol of republic, and giving information of so many pennies or cents prepaid? This question, which ought not to baffle the skill of jurists for an answer, may seem to some a trivial one; yet to make such a supposition would be very grossly to underestimate the importance of the postage stamp. Macaulay, who was not above breaking postal regulations by sending an occasional sovereign unregistered to his nephew, used to hint that the most interesting part of his uncle's letter was under the seal. But nowadays it is sometimes the stamp that is the most valuable part of the epistle, even though the latter may bear an autograph for which collectors at Sotheby's will some day eagerly compete. The man who happens to get a letter from Samoa, or Honduras, or Rajputana will do very foolishly to throw the envelope into his waste-paper basket without first removing the stamp. The legend there may speak only of an anna or two, or a fraction of a peseta; but for all that there may be in the soiled scrap of gummed paper as much of a treasure for him as though in a sixpenny volume of miscellaneous pamphlets he had acquired a rare first edition. Not long ago a London dealer received from a debtor in Fiji a remittance of 12s. 6d. in halfpenny postage stamps. In the interests of a severe morality it is perhaps wrong to mention it, just as it would be wrong to advertise a big win in a lottery; but the fact is that that dealer sold the stamps for £15, and that to the owner of them now, whoever he is, they are worth double even that sum. No wonder, then, that the question of the ownership of stamps on their way through the post is of interest to the great and apparently the growing band of philatelists. As it is, the problem of possession, if not of property, is not infrequently solved in an off hand way during that season of passage. Probably few postoffice clerks are themselves philatelists; but they must all have heard of philately, and some of them doubtless know an honest dealer. Perhaps they, too, have a doubt on the question of ownership, and resolve prudently to give themselves the benefit of it. So that the postage stamp apparently has not merely created a new mania, but started also a new point of law and a new problem in ethics.

More than that it has provided a new and altogether an undreamed of source of revenue for the state. It is one of the oddest consequences of philately that stamps are made and sold in scores of thousands, not for postage purposes, but simply to meet the collector's demand. There are dozens of states where the population is not abnormally given to correspondence, yet where new sets of stamps of all values are issued year after year. These states have become aware of the collector's existence, and of that law of his being by which he is bound to have a copy of every stamp that has been issued since 1840; so they have very shrewdly set themselves to turn his foible to their profit. They multiply the varieties of their stamps with great ingenuousness and prodigality—altering design, and shape, and, color, and value, changing from perforated to unperforated, from blue to brown, from oblong to square. And, to whatever infinitude of varieties they run, the philatelist is obliged to have all, on pain of nights made sleepless by the thought that that red Tonga is lacking to his collection, and that his rival Timbrophiluis has a fuller set of San Salvadors than he. The extent to which this is carried may be judged by the fact that Faridkot, a small independent state of northwest India, with a population of less than 100,000, has issued 300 varieties of postage stamps, post-cards, and stamped envelopes since 1877. Very few of these stamps, of course, have ever gone through the postoffice; the vast majority of them are bought by collectors, or rather by the dealers whom the development of philately has called into existence in recent years. And meanwhile the Rajah of Faridkot, or whatever else is his title, fills his treasury at the expense of the western philatelist, and we hope his handful of taxpayers feel the benefit. If so, the stamp collector may set some unconventional philanthropy to balance the absurdities of his craze. He may certainly congratulate himself on having given the Liberian delegate—a man and a brother—his trip to the world's fair at Chicago last year. It is a fact that Liberia was unable to give her delegate any ready money to pay his expenses to Chicago, and that she supplied him a quantity of Liberian stamps, which he was to sell to the stamp maniacs of America, and on the proceeds of which he very creditably maintained the dignity of the black republic at the greatest show on earth. That must be about the very utmost reach of stamp collecting; the force of philately, surely, can no further go. Chicago is reckoned chiefly as exemplifying the power of the almighty dollar, but it has served also to illustrate the triumph of the postage stamp.

NEW WALL PAPERS AND ROOM MOULDINGS AT J. W. MELLORS,
76, 78 & 65 Fort Street.
Telephone 406.

COMBS

We have just received a large consignment from Hamburg, Germany. First quality and reasonable prices.

COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

Suits, $16; Pants, $4. 101 Douglas st.

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Chicken fencing, four feet high, 18 cents per yard, at McLennan & McFeely's.

—The citizen who yesterday clamored loudly for the sprinkling carts to-day holds his peace and an umbrella.

—There are about 75 men at work on the government buildings at present and more are to be put on in a few days.

—The Nakusp & Slocan railway royal commission will hold its first sitting at the court house on May 9th at eleven o'clock in the morning.

—The Mikado company have practically decided to go to Vancouver on Saturday, May 5. The matter will be definitely settled this week.

—Some handsome dining room furniture, sideboards, tables, chairs, etc., at very moderate prices. We have only just received these goods. Weiler Bros.

—If you want a good meal for 25 cents go to the Globe restaurant, 42 Yates street, which is under entirely new management. Twenty meals, $4. Cuisine is excellent.

—There will be an entertainment with refreshments at the Tolmie school house, next to St. Mark's church, to-night. It is in aid of the school funds, and a good programme has been prepared.

—The vestry meeting of St. John's church, adjourned some time ago, will be held this evening. The committee named to devise ways and means for raising money will make its report.

—There will be a social and concert at Centennial Methodist church to-night. The music will be furnished by the members of the choir under the leadership of Clement Rowlands. The proceeds will be donated to the choir fund.

—The contract for the erection of the Pemberton gymnasium was signed yesterday by Mayor Teague and Chairman Hayward of the school board, and E. Hume, the successful tenderer. The contract price is $2,714. Work will be begun immediately.

—The vestry meeting of St. Michael's, Lake district, was held on Tuesday evening, with the rector in the chair. The wardens' report was received and adopted. The election resulted as follows: William Garnham, rector's warden; E. Chinnery, people's warden; Alfred Daniels and Charles B. Jones, deputy wardens.

—Jno. Creeden was fined $10 and $2 costs in the police court for swearing at Poundkeeper Shaw. Shaw and Creeden had a difference over a horse belonging to Creeden which was left tied on the street. The case against W. McBrady, charged with keeping a vicious dog, which bit Fred Jorden, a bricklayer, was dismissed.

—The police court officials hope that the work of ventilating the police court room will soon be commenced. The crowd in the court room to-day was so large and the atmosphere became so vitiated that Magistrate Macrae adjourned the court for fifteen minutes to get a little fresh air. The doors and windows were opened, and the court after a while again proceeded with business.

—Courts Cariboo and Islander, I. O. F., amalgamated last night, taking the name Cariboo for the new court. The following are the new officers: C. D. H. C. R. A. E. McEachern; P. C. R., T. Cuhman; C. R., J. F. Quinn; V. C. R., W. Christie; Treasurer, George Elliott; Chaplain, W. S. Beckwith; F. S., G. Mallery; R.S., A. L. Campbell; S. W., F. W. LaVatte; J. W., J. Porteous; S. B., W. Willard; J. B., C. Harris; C. P., Hall & McKechnie.

—Social of the Ladies' Aid of the First Presbyterian church was held last evening at the residence of Mrs. Dempster. The programme included a solo by Miss Stapleton, a reading by Miss Cameron, a solo by Mr. Meston, a recitation by Mrs. Walt, a duet by Miss Milne and Miss Baker and a solo by Mrs. Walt (with guitar accompaniment) was rendered and refreshments were served.

—A meeting of supporters of the Davie government was held last night at the Burnside hotel. Mr. Russell occupied the chair and addresses were delivered by D. M. Eberts, M. P. P., J. W. Carey, J. Nicholson, jr., Mr. Monroe and Mr. Miller. Another meeting will be held at the Royal Oak school house next Wednesday night.

—Prairie State Incubator for sale at McLennan & McFeely's.

—The adjourned vestry meeting of St. John's church will be held this evening.

—Yesterday it was dryness, dust and drought. To-day it is deluge, dirt and deuce.

—The committee having in charge the K. of P. grand council celebration meets to-night.

—The licensing court will meet next week. It is rumored that several inquiries will be held.

—The ladies of the W. C. T. U. discussed in meeting last night the question of the formation of a Loyal Legion.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

Constable Palmer arrested three Indians on Herald street this afternoon. They were drunk and were lying about the sidewalk.

—A reception ball will be held at Port Guichon May 11th, in honor of the A. O. U. W. delegates to the grand lodge of British Columbia.

—You should see our "carpet stock" (for the spring), the largest, best assorted and the very best value your money can buy. Weiler Bros.

—The Young People's Association of Central church will hold their last meeting this season on Saturday evening. A good programme will be provided.

—The fire wardens met yesterday afternoon, when the question of using fire horses in the sprinklers was brought up. Nothing was done, and it is likely that the matter will be dropped.

—The wires east have been working badly since last night. There is one good wire working through to the east, but it is incapable of handling all the commercial and press matter offered.

—William McNulty, F. Gilmour and Jno. Dutton, committed on a charge of having stolen proprety in their possession, were taken to the provincial jail this morning. They will be tried at the assizes.

—George Chipman and David, Songhese Indian, tell the story that a white boy is quartered with the Indians of Kuper island. The boy is thought to be the missing Willie Palmer. Enquiries are being made.

—William Bragg, a native of Devonshire, England, aged 53 years, died at his home on Richmond road yesterday. The deceased leaves a widow and large family. The funeral will take place on Friday afternoon.

—Work on the public morgue is now progressing very well. The walls are nearly up and the floor is in. It is now proposed to put in a concrete floor, but whether that plan will be followed remains to be seen.

—The Exile Club will debate at next meeting, Remittance Hall, Five Turners' block, the question: Resolved, "That Canada could not get along without us, by Jove!" The debate will be coram populo knickerbockeribus.

—George Garland, who stole $34 from the Central Drug store till, was this morning sentenced by Magistrate Macrae to a month in jail. Postmaster Shakespeare and other gentlemen gave Garland a good character.

—The members of the finance committee of the Queen's birthday celebration are going the rounds. They are meeting with good success. Two wholesale merchants have subscribed $100 each and there are several fifties on the list.

—Voters whose names and addresses are not correctly given upon the printed list of voters dated 31st December last are requested to call at the collector's office in the court house and see that their present addresses are correctly entered. Notices have been sent to all whose addresses were insufficient to comply with the new act. The replies have been numerous and all the changes have been made. There are others, however, whose addresses, although not insufficient, are incorrectly given, and as it is desirable to have the new list contain the correct address of the residence of every voter at the date of its publication, it will be of assistance to the collector if early attention is given to this request.

—The treacherous skylight sidewalk which girds the Adelphi block on the Government and Yates street sides claimed another victim this afternoon. An elderly lady incautiously ventured upon the dangerous mantrap, and, as the unexpected always happens to the innocent victim, her footing flew from under her and she fell with great force on the glass. Every person who beheld the accident felt confident the unfortunate lady had suffered broken bones, but, strange to relate, she escaped with a few severe bruises. The outcry of the press and public against this shameful condition of affairs will bear no fruit until some person receives fatal injuries and the guilty parties are assessed in damages that will make, if not their conscience, at least that still more tender spot, their pocket, sensible of this great wrong.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair,
DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

The Last Week But One

For cabinet photo at three dollars. Do not miss it.
SKENE LOWE,
63 Government St.

SPRING ASSIZES.

Large Number of Cases to be Disposed of This Year.

The staff at the attorney-general's office are busy preparing for the spring assizes which open at Nanaimo on May 1. The most important case of all is that of Hugh Lynn charged with murder. He has not yet been committed but will be, and will very likely be tried in Vancouver. The docket as far as it has been completed is below:

NANAIMO—MAY 1.
Regina v. Campbell, theft.
Regina v. Hooper, receiving stolen goods.
Regina v. Clark, theft.

NEW WESTMINSTER—May 8.
Regina v. McLellan, theft.
Regina v. Carter, theft.
Regina v. James Morton, assault.
Regina v. Clawson, neglect to support.
Regina v. McDougall, murder.
Regina v. Lay Coon, theft.
Regina v. Dolan, indecent assault.
Regina v. Patock, theft.

VANCOUVER—May 15.
Regina v. Bayless, uttering counterfeit coin.
Regina v. Gardiner, sending a threatening letter.
Regina v. Brooks, defrauding creditors.
Regina v. Harrison, theft.
Regina v. Steuart, gross indecency.
Regina v. Jones, gross indecency.

CLINTON—MAY 28.
Regina v. Cassimil, escape.

VICTORIA—MAY 29.
Regina v. Carruthers, murder.
Regina v. Mitchell, incest.
Regina v. Gaylor, Irving and Walker, arson.
Regina v. Irvine and Sylvia, horse stealing.
Regina v. Redgrave, assault with intent.
Regina v. Whittall, false pretences.
Regina v. Hanna and Grant, in possession of stolen property.

KAMLOOPS—June 4.
Regina v. Haynes, escape.
Regina v. Mitchell, escape.
Regina v. Raynius, theft.
Regina v. Huntington, theft.

VERNON—JUNE 11.
No cases yet entered.

DONALD (SPECIAL ASSIZES)—JUNE 15.
Regina v. Devine, uttering a counterfeit bill.
Regina v. Olsen, uttering a counterfeit bill.

NELSON (SPECIAL ASSIZES) JUNE 19.
Regina v. Sandholm, assault.
Regina v. Kirlin, theft and shooting.
Regina v. Tracey, theft.
Regina v. St. John, embezzlement.
Regina v. Thomas, indecent assault.

A DRIFTING SLOOP.

Boat Without Occupants Sails to Lopez Island Shore.

The people of Lopez Island are very much interested in a rather mysterious case. A few days ago a 24-foot sloop, with all sails set, carried along by a slight breeze, came sailing in to the island shore and brought up on the beach. Those who saw the sloop come in believed she was occupied but later it was found she was not. There were several pieces of wire cable, and some articles of woman's apparel in the boat. There was no name on the boat and nothing about to indicate where it came from or to whom it belonged. Enquiry about Lopez Island and surrounding islands failed to throw any light on the case. It is believed at Lopez Island the boat came from Victoria and that some accident befel its occupants.

The boat is in possession of C. G. Chadwick of Lopez Island, who will surrender it upon full identification.

LIBERAL ASSOCIATION.

Meeting To-morrow Night—An Address by Mr. John McMillan.

The regular meeting of the Victoria Liberal Association will be held to-morrow night at the usual place, Philharmonic hall. The membership of this association, which was organized a few months ago, is now about one hundred. There is no reason, other than the apathy of those who are in sympathy with the cause, why the membership should not increase to one thousand or over. The object of the association is to promote Liberal principles, and especially to oppose the present Dominion government policy of high taxation and protection. The association has taken its stand on the platform promulgated at the Ottawa Liberal convention, and when the time comes will endeavor to have the issue at the general election fought out on the lines there laid down. The association has nothing whatever to do with provincial politics. Every Liberal in the city—in fact every person who endorses the Ottawa platform—is eligible for membership.

To-morrow night the meeting will be addressed by Mr. John McMillan on the "Duties and Responsibilities of the Liberal Party." Mr. McMillan is a good speaker, and having made a study of politics is well qualified to treat the subject in an instructive and interesting manner. The members are requested to be present in full force.

In all probability the astounding speech made by Col. Prior in the house of commons recently will be a subject for consideration at this or next meeting. The general opinion about the "Colonel's" effort, even among his former supporters, is that nothing so stupid or so offensive to public sentiment in Victoria was ever before uttered by a representative on the floor of parliament.

Vesuvius Bay.

A large funeral took place here on Saturday last at the burial of Mrs. M. A. Foord, wife of Mr. Fred Foord, of Burgoyne bay. The Loyal Island Union lodge, C. O. O. F., of which Mr. Foord is an honorary member, attended in full regalia and conducted the funeral in a most efficient manner. The coffin was loaded with most beautiful flowers brought by kind friends from all parts of the island. The Rev. Mr. Wilson conducted almost impressive service, Mrs. Brown presiding at the organ with her usual ability. The little church was filled.

Spring Novelties.
The latest styles in Millinery and Capes at Lansdowne House, J. Partridge.

Wonderful $1 Shoes for Men
At Russell & McDonald's, opposite the iron church, Douglas street.

COALSBURG CHAT.

Tassel's Tussle with Intoxicants—Nanaimo's Queen's Birthday Fest.

The opposition party hold a meeting in Cedar district to-morrow evening.

While in the act of getting into his buggy yesterday R. C. McKenzie was thrown and got a badly cut head by the horse starting too soon.

The morning shift for the New Vancouver Coal company's miners will begin at 5 a. m. on and after Saturday next, the 28th inst., instead of at 6 a.m.

S. Perry Mills of Victoria is in the city. He will defend Mrs. Charley in her coming trial.

A number of Wellington people will visit Nanaimo on the 24th and take part in the celebration.

John Bain, bookkeeper for Hamburger & Leiser, Wellington, was married this morning to Miss Anne Gillespie at the residence of the bride's parents. The newly married couple left for Victoria late in the morning on their honeymoon.

Secretary F. J. Deane, of the Queen's birthday celebration committee, has received a communication from New Westminster to the effect that the Y. M. C. A. and the Good Templars of that city will participate in the festivities of the 24th of May here.

The steamer Comox has been chartered by a party of local anglers to leave here Saturday night for Powell lake, and the boys expect to bring back full baskets.

Half a bottle of rum nearly caused the death of a white man and two Indian women last night and has landed the man, Alexander Tassel, in the provincial jail for six months, where he is supposed to labor hard. The Indian women visited Tassel's cabin, near Northfield wharf, last night, and were entertained by him with the contents of a bottle and a half full of rum. The liquor was strong, and effectually made full the three. In this condition Tassel proposed to escort the dusky damsels back to the Euclataw camp by water in his canoe. A start was made, but the canoe had barely got into deep water when one of the three, or possibly two, overbalanced, upsetting the frail craft. Fortunately the mishap was witnessed from the Indian camp and two bucks put off to the rescue. With the greatest difficulty all three were brought to shore, but it took quite a long time to bring round Tassel and one of the women, who were more dead than alive when rescued. Constable McLean arrived on the scene soon afterwards and took Tassel in charge. This morning he was sentenced to six months' imprisonment with hard labor for his foolish conduct in supplying intoxicating liquor to the Indians.

Law Intelligence.

In the supreme court chambers this morning before Mr. Justice Walkem White (Eberts & Taylor), for the defendant Nicholles in Foot & Carter v. Mason & Nicholles, applied to strike out part of the statement of claim as embarrassing. Cassidy, for the plaintiffs, contra. Dismissed with costs. Defendant given until the 30th inst. to put in defence.

Edmund W. Hanna and Ada Grant, charged with receiving stolen property and the boy Johnson, charged with attempting to commit suicide, came up before Judge Drake this morning and elected to take a speedy trial. The trial will take place on May 4th.

Some adjourned county court cases were heard to-day by Mr. Justice Drake. Dr. Frank Hall sued Thomas Birkett for an account for medical attendance on his wife. The defendant counterclaimed for damages for malpractice in respect of an operation alleged to have been unskilfully and wrongly performed. His lordship, after hearing the evidence of Dr. Davie, dismissed the counterclaim and gave judgment for the plaintiff with costs.

Wonderful $1 Shoes for Ladies
At Russell & McDonald's.

—A special meeting of the city council will be held to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Oh!
there's nothing shameful about poverty.
But
there is a disgrace in going shabby.
Now
when you can buy such a nice suit of
Clothes
for so little money we
Claim
the superiority our clothing deserves
Attention
while the prices are so very low that
From
Victoria to Nanaimo and from Westminster to Vancouver
Every Man
—AND—
Every Boy
ought to have a well dressed appearance.
Bargains this week:
Print shirts, 50 cents; boy's fine outing shirts, $1.00
Cameron
The Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson Street.

Great Slaughtering Bankrupt Stock Sale

The proprietor of THE STANLEY HOUSE has puschased through an agent here at a great discount FIVE CASES OF NEW SPRING GOODS consigned to W. S. Hampson & Co., which will be opened Saturday, April 14th.

This lot consists of Dress Goods, Prints, Blouse Silks, Hosery, Military Braids, Trimmings, Embroideries, Muslins, Etc.

These Goods will be marked the same as the present stock in plain red figures, at fully 50 per cent. less than they are usually sold at.

THIS IS A SNAP.

New Goods at about half price. Every lady in Victoria should see them.

THE STANLEY HOUSE,
Douglas Srreet.

The British Columbia Sugar Refining Company,
(LIMITED)
VANCOUVER, B. C.
MANUFACTURERS OF Refined Sugars and Syrups
OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY.

PRICE LIST
(Applicable to Lots of not less than 10 Barrels or equal)

SUGAR—Powdered, Icing and Bar. in Bbls.		5⅝c. per lb.
Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags,		5⅜c. "
Granulated, " "		4¾c. "
Yellow, according to quality, "		3⅞ to 4⅛c. "
100 lb. Kegs ¼c. more, Half Bbls. ¼c. more, Boxes ½c. more.		
SYRUPS—30 Gal. Barrels,		2½c. per lb.
10 " Kegs,		2¾c. "
5 " "		$2.00 each.
1 " Tins,		$4.25 per case of 10
½ " "		5.75 " 20

Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice. Special terms for lots of 100 Barrels and upwards.

☞ NO CHINESE LABOR EMPLOYED.

NOTE—When you ask for B. C. Sugars, see that you get them. We guarantee their absolute purity, and their superiority to any others in the market. Compare and decide for yourselves.

Place a Cake

OF BABY'S OWN SOAP

In your linen drawer and it will impart to your clothes the delicate aroma of fine French Pot Pourri in a modified degree.

The longer you keep the soap before using it the better.

Beware of Imitations.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Montreal, Sole Manufactuers.

COUPON. America Photographed. PART 5.

Bring or send this Coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 5 of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage. Cut out now and present before the end of this week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time. Subscribers requiring portfolios to be sent by mail, to avoid writing a letter for each, may remit for the whole series or any part thereof, and portfolios will be mailed as issued.

COMBINATION COUPON. FOR EITHER PARTS 1, 2, 3 OR 4.

America Photographed.

Bring or send this Coupon with 10c for each part to the Times office and the part or parts selected of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage.

This coupon is printed for the benefit of those who have not received the parts numbered above to enable them to get the series from the beginning.

A YAO SLAVE RAID.

An Incident of Life in British Central Africa.

A correspondent of the London Times, writing from Zomba, B. C. A., on February 1, says:

Early in the morning of January 6 a determined raid was made by slave hunters upon the new and already flourishing town which, under the protection of Fort Maguire, has sprung up on the site of Makanjira's long famous headquarters on the east shore of Lake Nyasa. Makanjira and his ruffians were, as you know, driven thence in November, and have since led a precarious existence inland in the direction of Portuguese territory, occasionally making feeble and surreptitious sallies toward the lake in search of Indian corn. Each of these sallies has produced a certain amount of excitement at Fort Maguire; but the affair of January 6 was of an entirely different kind, and might easily have brought about a most serious disaster. Fortunately Captain Edwards, who is in command at the fort, had made proper arrangements beforehand, and when at 4:30 a.m. the alarm was given he was so well prepared that, within 20 minutes of the firing of the first shot, he, with 31 Sikhs, nine Makua gunners, and 70 of Jumbe's friendlies, was at the new town, which is a full mile and a quarter from the fort. He left behind him his havildar-major with 30 Sikhs and about a score of friendlies. The town had already been fired in several places, and hundreds of armed men were within it looting the houses and capturing the people. Another body of raiders was in the wood near at hand, and not fewer than 1500 were visible. Part of these at once began to get round on both sides to the rear of the little force of Sikhs, which was presently hotly engaged simultaneously to the front, to the right and the left. After half an hour of this the enemy, growing bolder and the ammunition scarcer, Edwards ordered a charge at the biggest body of the foe. The raiders held their ground until the Sikhs were close upon them, and then broke and fled towards the lake. The pressure of the situation was relieved, but in the meantime, another body of raiders was attempting to occupy the favorable position which the Sikhs had just vacated. This body was hastily charged and dispersed by Edwards at the head of 19 men only, but the attention of the defenders was still cunningly occupied by minor detachments of the enemy, while the main force, about 600 strong, was getting away to the south side of the village with a large number of captive women. It would probably have been impossible for Captain Edwards to prevent this party from effecting its object had not the villagers themselves opportunely rallied and attacked the rear of the slavers who were holding the Sikhs in check.

As soon as this attack began to produce its effect Edwards, with but four Sikhs, three Makua and 40 villagers, started at the double after the rapidly disappearing kidnappers, who were going south. After three miles' chase the scoundrels were overtaken and charged, whereupon, in spite of their enormously superior numbers, they abandoned their prisoners and loot and decamped. They were hotly pursued for nine miles. Of the raiders, ten were taken and at least 43 were known to have been killed. In the village there were, of course, numerous casualties. Kumbusani, the local chieftainness, who was widow of the old Makanjira, and who had known Livingstone, was murdered and decapitated. Two sick people were also murdered as they lay. Up to the 11th, moreover, 30 women were still missing, but it is improbable that the raiders succeeded in carrying off any of their captives, and the chances are that most of the missing people are either killed or terror-stricken in their hiding places. Among the Sikhs there were, strange to relate, no losses either in killed or wounded, though the affair is said to have been the warmest in which they have been hitherto engaged. The raid was planned and led by the five chiefs Makanjira, Zarafi, Kulikoroma, Makandanje and Kwirasa. The last named lives in Portuguese territory, two days' march inland from the lake. Kulikoroma's heir is among the prisoners, and among the killed were a subchief, three headmen, and Mohammed Hussein, Makanjira's chief adviser. Makanjira will now have to be made an end of. There is no other way of dealing with him. But this defeat must have crippled him severely, for his wounded are reported to be very numerous.

LONDON SOCIETY FAD.

The Fashionable Instrument of Torture is the Concertina.

The fashionable instrument of London drawing rooms, and, in a smaller degree, of drawing rooms in the large provincial towns like Blackburn, will this year be the concertina. The banjo has long ago departed to the lumber room, the more artistic mandolin is beginning to pall, and, as we must have some new craze, we have taken the concertina.

If you have ever lodged in the east end of London or in the working class district of a provincial town, as I have, you will know that a concertina player is a host in himself, and as he serenades you from the street below in his nightly peregrinations, you must have wondered why he does not go to Italy, as the Italians come here, and turn professional. But the costermonger and the British workman are no longer to have a monopoly of all the good things.

The concertina has come into the drawing room and will be a household pet. It is an excruciating instrument when badly played, but of course our young ladies will study under the best masters, and they will get expensive instruments of English manufacture, not the common things, "made in Germany," which everybody can afford. All this, I suppose, is good for trade and good for the teaching profession. Besides, it finds us something with which to kill time, and that is the great end of life in fashionable society.—Blackburn Times.

A YOUTH'S FATAL LOVE.

At Thirteen He Commits Suicide on Account of a Sweetheart.

At Bologna a boy thirteen years of age, Giovanna Costa, who "isn't in the gymnasium" of that town, committed suicide with a revolver. His last will and testament has just been distributed among his schoolfellows. It is lithographed, says the New York Telegram, and contains the following paragraphs:

1. Cause of my death—Last year I fell in love with Emma Pizzirani, but was unrequited. This so affected me that I neglected my school duties. I fell behind my schoolfellows, and as a consequence should not have been able to finish my studies in time to get free from military service. I am therefore obliged to kill myself (1) for unrequited love; (2) for the frequent reprimands of my masters; (3) to escape being a soldier, which would be especially hateful to me under the present government (!); and, lastly, because of the sorrow I have already caused my parents, and especially my dear mother.

2. I appoint my friend and schoolfellow, Auguste Liverani, my executor, and request him to give me a quiet funeral, but shall be greatly pleased if my friends and acquaintances would follow me to the grave.

3. I leave my watch to my father, as well as the task of comforting my mother for my death. To my mother, whose tears I have often caused to flow, I leave all my handkerchiefs to dry them. I leave to my sister Ada my ring with the death's head which I always wore; to my sister Ida my letters which have not yet been published.

4. I intend shooting myself with a revolver, which our dear family doctor, Dr. Brijatto, has lent me in exchange for my old gun, and beg that he may not be considered responsible for my death. If I had not had his revolver I would have committed suicide in some other manner, for I am too tired of life to live.

GAS FROM A LAKE.

How Atchison People Obtain Their Illumination.

The confidence of the Globe in the veracity of Clark Drummond, Tip Young and L. H. Chamberlain having been badly shaken by their statement that you could punch a hole in the ice at Doniphan lake and light the natural gas which escaped through it, a reporter visited the lake yesterday afternoon for the purpose of an investigation, and was convinced a hundred times of the truthfulness of their statement. Upon arriving there a bonfire was found, which Frank Brenner had started by piling some brush over a white spot in the ice, puncturing the ice and touching a match to the fume. The entire lake was covered with spots, and they were opened, and the gas burned out of them until it was work instead of play. The illumination was kept up until after dark, when the effect was better. It takes about a minute to burn the gas out of a spot as big around as a washtub. The smaller the hole in the ice the longer it takes the gas to escape. The flame shoots up fully a foot, and looks exactly like gas coming out of a pipe with the burner removed. The gas has no smell; at least the investigating committee detected none. It is claimed that it is a vegetable gas that is always found in newly formed lakes, and is caused by the decomposition of vegetable matter. It escapes without attracting attention as a usual thing, but is imprisoned when the water freezes. The gas at Doniphan lake was discovered by a boy who fell and broke the ice. He had a box of parlor matches in one of his pockets. They became lighted and lit the gas. The boy's trousers were considerable disfigured.—Atchison Globe.

Difficulties of Missionaries.

Considerable attention is being devoted at present by the European newspapers to the embarrassments and difficulties encountered by missionaries in the pursuance of their calling. Thus, the English Anglican Bishop Smythies writes home from East Africa for advice as to the disposal of the troublesome question of polygamy among his converts to the Christian faith, while the French Catholic Bishop Augouard, of the Southern Pacific islands, describes in a letter addressed to Cardinal Ledochowski, and published in the Salut Publique of Lyons, his horror at finding that the dish set before him at a banquet given in his honor by one of the Island chiefs consisted of the youngest and plumpest of the chieftain's wives, whom he had seen full of life and laughter earlier in the day. What added to the prelate's dismay was the fact that when casually asked by the chief during the course of the morning, which he thought of the wives the most attractive, the right reverend father, with heedless politeness, had pointed to the very woman who was later served up cooked and dressed, as the "plat d-honneur." The same newspaper, which is the official organ of the Roman Catholic missions under the control of the Propaganda Fide, gives extracts from the reports of a priest on the river Ubange, in Africa, who relates that slaves there are sold alive on the public market for use as butchers' meat. Purchasers unable to afford the entire slave buy an arm, a leg or the head, and mark it with a piece of white chalk, after which the unfortunate victim thus partitioned off is slaughtered, and the pieces as chosen beforehand distributed among the butcher's customers.—New York Tribune.

Reporters on a Strike.

A newspaper reporters' strike is reported from Buda Pesth. They are not striking against the papers. Such a strike was never heard of. It is against the parliament, and they think they can make it very interesting for the legislators. Their grievance is that the president of the lower house blocked the corridors between the newspaper gallery and the lobbies with a view to punishing a few indiscreet reporters, and thus compelled all the newspaper men to reach their desks by way of underground corridors and dark staircases. The society of journalists resolved that in view of this petty persecution the reporters should hereafter merely record the decisions of the house, omitting all the debates and names of deputies. A similar strike took place years ago in Vienna, and it was immediately successful. The reporters are backed by all the newspaper editors and proprietors.

Economy and Strength.

Valuable vegetable remedies are used in the preparation of Hood's Sarsaparilla in such a peculiar manner as to retain the full medicinal value of every ingredient. Thus Hood's Sarsaparilla combines economy and strength and is the only remedy of which "100 Doses One Dollar" is true. Be sure to get Hood's.

HOODS PILLS do not purge, pain or grip, but act promptly, easily and efficiently.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Joseph Rodgers & Sons Ltd.
TRADE MARK
CELEBRATED CUTLERY
JAS HUTTON & CO MONTREAL & TORONTO AGENTS FOR CANADA.

YOUR FRIENDS IN THE EAST

Are all anxious to know all about Vancouver Island and British Columbia ....

EVERY RESIDENT of British Columbia who travels in the East is kept busy answering the many questions asked about the new El Dorado of the Pacific Northwest, and the indications are that hundreds of Eastern capitalists, merchants, bankers, farmers fruit growers, mechanics, etc., are turning Westward Ho! with British Columbia as an objective point. It goes without saying that every resident of this Province is interested in the development of our many resources and glad of an opportunity to supply their friends with reliable information concerning this country and its many attractions for the tourist and homeseeker.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

—IS—

A Well-Edited 16-page Paper,

Filled each week with news from all points of the Northwest, will tell the story of the happenings in this section of the Dominion of Canada in an interesting and acceptable manner. Why not send a copy regularly to your friends, relatives and acquaintances back East? It is cheaper than writing letters and a saving of much labor. Terms are as follows:

WEEKLY, six months - - $1.00
WEEKLY, one year - - - $2.00

Sample copies sent free to any address. All orders should be addressed to

The TIMES P. & P. Co.,
Victoria, B.C.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

Stations	South Bound (Read Up) No. 1 Passenger Daily	South Bound No. 3 Passenger Fri's Sat's & Sundays	Miles from Wellington	North Bound (Read Down) No. 2 Passenger Daily	North Bound No. 4 Passenger Fri's Sat's & Sundays	Miles from Victoria
Victoria	Ar. [illegible]	Ar. 8:00 P M	[illegible]	De. [illegible] A M	De. [illegible] P M	[illegible]
Russell's	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Esquimalt	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Goldstream	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Summit Siding	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Shawnigan Lake	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cobble Hill	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
McPherson's	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Koksilah	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Duncan's	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Somenos	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chemainus	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oyster Bay Siding	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nanaimo	De. / Ar. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Ar. / De. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wellington	De. [illegible]	De. [illegible]	[illegible]	Ar. [illegible] P M	Ar. [illegible]	[illegible]

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 22,

Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P M

Walla Walla - - April 28

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and first and second class coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

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No. 4 Adelphi Block, Govt. st., next to Postoffice, Victoria, B.C.
F. I. WHITNEY, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt. St. Paul, Minnesota.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Via Revelstoke

TO

Robson, Fort Shepherd,
Slocan, Hendryx,
Ainsworth, Nelson,
Balfour, Pilot Bay,
Kaslo, AND ALL
Kootenay Points.

For passenger and freight rates apply to GEO. L. COURTNEY, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria.
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

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Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

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To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

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8 30 pm	Lv	M 1	...*Victoria...	116	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	...Seattle...	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	...*Tacoma...	MI	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria B. C.
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The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

SS. AUSTRALIA (3,078 tons) Saturday, May 12th, 1894, 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 4,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Monowai....Thursday, May 3rd, at 2 p. m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO. General Agents.
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—AND—

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Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations, etc., call upon or address

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ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER JOAN

J. B. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria for Comox.........Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.........Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.........Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.........Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdes Island are discontinued.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Station, Store street.

HATS! HATS! Straw Hats, Felt Hats, Stiff Hats, Soft Hats. Our SPRING STOCK now complete. Newest Shapes. Latest Styles. See them. B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

LOSS OF THE HENRY DENNIS.

She Is a Total Loss on the Japan Coast —Crew Saved.

The sealing schooner Henry Dennis, Captain E. P. Miner, which left here December 23, has been wrecked on the Japan coast, news of the disaster having reached here on Monday night in a cablegram to her owner, J. C. Nixon. The message received by Mr. Nixon is from Hakodate, Japan, dated April 18, and for some unaccountable reason was five days getting here. The message was in cipher, as follows:

"Nixon, Seattle: The Dennis is a total wreck. Sold for $800. Saved all the catch. Steamer has arrived. Crew all saved. Outfit saved. Telegraph instructions to Howell. MINER."

Mr. Nixon's reply, which the cable company guaranteed to send through in four hours, was: "Put guns and skins aboard Algar and sell balance. Send proof of loss."

Details of the disaster which has overtaken the staunchest schooner of the Pacific sealing fleet are, of course, unavailable until letters arrive from Captain Miner or her crew. Mr. Nixon said yesterday that he could not see how Captain Miner lost the schooner, as he had been on the Japan coast for six years and was a very watchful man. The only possible way that he knew of was that the Dennis had put into some port for water and that before getting out a typhoon had struck her, driving her ashore. The Dennis' tanks carried water enough to last sixty-five or seventy days, and it was just about two months ago that she left Port Lloyd. Mr. Nixon said that if the Dennis could obtain half a mile of room to beat her way no wind could have driven her ashore, as she was famous as a staunch craft and had just received new masts and sails before leaving Seattle.

The Henry Dennis was built in 1883 at Essex, Mass., by three men, Brown, Pray and Norton, for mackerel fishing off Newfoundland, and was brought around to the Pacific coast by these men in 1890, and went sealing that year for them, after which she was sold to J. C. Nixon, for whom she was sealing the fourth season when wrecked. There was no better sealing vessel afloat, although there are those of later model. She was thoroughly built, copper fastened throughout and sheathed with copper below the water line. Her gross tonnage was 96.37, net, 91.55; length, 81.8 feet; breadth, 23.3 feet; depth, 8.4 feet. The Dennis has always been considered a lucky craft, having won this reputation by a combination of good management and good fortune. Mr. Nixon never does anything by halves, and the Dennis was not only in fine shape, but carried the most celebrated lot of hunters on the coast. Mr. Nixon believes in hiring the very best men he can get. The craft carried six hunters, J. N. Knapp, who was high line man on the Allie I. Algar last year; F. J. Spear, high man on the Dennis last year; Edward Cantillion, who hunted in the Algar in 1889, afterwards built the Willard Ainsworth and was in the Carlotta Cox last year; Louis L. Etzel, high line man in the Carlotta Cox in 1892; J. S. Fanning, who has hunted for Mr. Nixon ever since the latter has been in the business, and C. W. Valkenburg. The latter has never hunted seals, but was the crack shot of Colorado, and was signed for his superior marksmanship. The members of the crew were: F. M. White, mate; Edward Smith, Frank McKenna, T. T. Dewar, Joseph Olmstead, H. W. Tenneson, A. Soderstrom, Alexander Stinson, W. Farrell, Christian Christiansen, Horace G. Berry, Consider Thomas, Philip Kennedy, Patrick Mullen, Amund Anderson and John Madison.

The Dennis was thoroughly refitted and rerigged last year at an expense of $1,200, including a new set of sails, which were made in Gloucester, Mass., on purpose for her. She was valued at $12,500 and carried an outfit and provisions worth $4,000. She was provisioned for eight months, as supplies are very much cheaper here than in Japan. She was insured for $9,000 on her hull alone. As the outfit and catch was saved the financial loss is not great. All the expense of the voyage had been paid, and during the next three months the schooner expected to reap a rich harvest of sealskins. There is no telling how many skins she had taken, but at this time last year the Algar had 600. The crew, and the hunters especially, will have no difficulty in getting positions on other sealers if the fate of the Henry Dennis becomes known to the fleet.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer, April 25.

Great Telescopes.

"For $50,000 I will undertake to construct a telescope with an objective ten feet in diameter, better in every respect in proportion than the forty-inch $500,000 Yerkes telescope, and to finish it sooner. For a proportionately larger sum I will undertake to construct a telescope with an objective 100 feet in diameter, more efficient in proportion for every scientific purpose than the Lick or Yerkes telescope. There is no reason in telescopic science why we should not see the inhabitants of Mars and see to pick up a pin on the moon."

This is the bold but intelligent utterance of Louis Gathman, an amateur optician, astronomer, scientist and inventor of the North Side, says the Chicago Tribune. Mr. Gathman was born at Rordorf, near the city of Hanover, in Prussia, in 1843. He received no scientific instruction except at the Polytechnic School in Hanover. He came to America in 1864, and after remaining a year in Philadelphia took up his residence in Chicago, where he has remained ever since. He was a mechanical engineer in the employ of others until 1872, and since that time has been a manufacturer of milling machinery of his own invention. He lives at the corner of Lincoln and North Park avenues.

Mr. Gathman's scientific career has been something like that of Edison and Professor S. H. Burnham; that is, he has been a dependent on his own resources and has been an all-round inventor. In addition to milling machinery he has invented toy guns, artillery, submarine gunboats and artificial rain-producers, all of which have been patented. But he has taken the greatest interest of all in optics and astronomy. He has had a telescope and has been a student of the heavens for fifteen years. Ten years ago he erected an observatory in connection with his residence and placed in its dome a seven-inch telescope, with which he amuses himself at spare moments. He makes no pretensions, however, to a scientific knowledge of astronomy.

Mr. Gathman has for twenty years been possessed with the idea that a great improvement could be made in telescopic lenses, especially in respect of size. His doctrine is that wherever there is an urgent need for a nonexistent thing that thing can be discovered. Accordingly he has chafed a good deal under the idea that telescopes had reached their ultimate size on account of the impossibility of casting large pieces of glass without bubbles, as well as the other infirmities inseparable from glass in large pieces. His dream has always been that a lens could be constructed in sections. Two years ago he completed his discovery and made a working model. Since that time he has kept his discovery secret in order to secure his patent rights, first in Germany and then in this country. As his German patent has been issued and as his American patent is as good as secured, he has had for some time no motive for secrecy.

Mr. Gathman's discovery is in brief that a lens that is made in sections can be made as correct as any other lens, provided the sections are separated by dull, black partitions, which prevent an inter-reflection of light from their margins. The sensitiveness of a lens to such disturbances is well understood. A single air-bubble, however small, in a lens, however large, renders it worthless, the reason being that it splits and refracts certain rays of light and causes confusion at the focal point. Mr. Gathman's theory is that if the bubbles is bored out and the opening filled with dull, black material the lens will be perfect again. But he thinks there is no use going to this trouble when lenses can be made in small sections and the perfection of each section assured before it is used.

The principal has for many years been applied to reflectors. There are, not only search-light reflectors, but reflectors of reflecting telescopes constructed in sections. These reflectors have been found to be as good as any others, and the wish has constantly been expressed that the principle were applicable to lenses and to refracting telescopes are comparatively worthless. But opticians and astronomers were so well satisfied a priori that the principle was inapplicable to lenses that they would not condescend to experiment with it. Not so, however, with Mr. Gathman. He reasoned that if the inter-reflection of light was the only obstacle that could easily be prevented by interposing non-reflecting surfaces between the sections of the lenses. He tried it and was successful.

In his first experiments Mr. Gathman divided up his lenses into wedged-shaped sections with a circular section at the center, leaving no interstices, except from the insertion of a blackened metallic rim half an inch wide between them. Subsequently he found it better to leave wide openings between the sections, the object being to allow a free circulation of air, which would equalize the temperature in front and rear of the lens, and in that way prevent sweating. In this way he was led to make the sections circular and of different sizes. The seven and one-half inch lens of the telescope which he now uses in his observatory is made on this plan. It has a circular section in the center, six circular sections of the same size arranged around it, and then six smaller circular sections in the triangular spaces outside the larger six. The result is that objects seen through this telescope are brighter and better defined than when its objective was a single piece.

The Oldest Lock.

In the "History of Nineveh and its Palaces," by Joseph Bonomi, there is a description of perhaps the oldest lock ever discovered. It was used in securing the gates in one of the palaces of Khorsabad. In describing this ancient piece of hardware, if such terms may be applied to wooden locks, he said: "At the end of the chamber, just behind the first bulls, was formerly a strong gate of one leaf, which was fastened by a large wooden lock, like those still used in the east, of which the key is as much as a man can conveniently carry, and by a bar which moved into a square hole in the wall.

It is to a key of this description that the prophet probably alludes: "And the key of the house of David will I lay upon his shoulder," and it is remarkable that the word for key in this passage of Scripture, "muftah," is the same in use all over the east at the present time. The key of an ordinary street door is commonly thirteen or fourteen inches long and the key of the gate of a public building or of a street or of a quarter of a town is two feet or more in length. The iron pegs at one end of the piece of wood corespond to so many holes in the wooden bar or bolt of the lock, which when the door or gate is shut cannot be opened until the key has been inserted and the impediment to the drawing back of the bolt removed by raising up so many iron pins that fall down into the holes in the bar or bolt corresponding to the peg in the key.

This description and others of a corroboratory character proved that this form of lock and key was in use in Egypt 4,000 or 5,000 years, during which extended period of time it does not appear to have undergone any sucessful change.

In the island of St. Helena the revenue for 1892 of £7,694 is included the odd item of "£139 received from dealers throughout the world for post stamps." The population of the island is but about 4,000, and is steadily decreasing.

The winner of a prize for the best specimen of microscopic handwriting, offered in Paris recently, submitted a postal card containing on one side the contents of the first two pages of a big newspaper.

In consequence of winter diet and lack of open air exercise, the whole physical mechanism becomes impaired. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the proper remedy. In the spring of the year, to strengthen the appetite, invigorate the system, and expel all impurities from the blood.

By Royal Letters Patent 1893
MILK GRANULES
It is the Best Infant Food for the Following Reasons:
1. It is the perfect equivalent of mother's milk.
2. A new born infant can take it readily and digest it perfectly.
3. It agrees perfectly with mother's milk.
4. It requires only water to prepare it for use.
5. It has proved satisfactory when every other infant food has failed.
Sold by Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by
THE JOHNSTON FLUID BEEF CO., MONTREAL.

Dreamers of Dreams.

A writer in the Pittsburg Dispatch says: Recently a number of wonderful instances of the recurrence of dreams have been brought to my notice. It is no unusual thing for a person to dream the same dream with some modifications twice, but when the vision is repeated, exactly the same in every minute detail, as many as ten times in a year it becomes an interesting problem. A resident of Pittsburg avers that he is haunted—yes haunted—by a dream which persists in recurring to him sometimes as often as twice in a month. He says he never goes to sleep at night without the terror of having to pass through the horrible experiences of this vision. During the day he is unable to shake off the impression made by it, so that waking or sleeping the terror is always with him. The mere fact of a dream recurring ten times is extraordinary, but, besides, this one has other peculiar features which make it all the more interesting. About a year ago the gentleman awoke suddenly and found himself in a profuse cold perspiration, with his heart thumping away as if he had been exercising violently. He collected his thoughts and found the cause to be a horrible dream, which he remembered vividly. In his dream he thought he was walking through a forest of leafless trees. The chilly air and impressive stillness peculiar to a heavily overgrown wood were made deathlike by the absence of life on all sides. No song of birds or chirps of insects could be heard, and the twigs which were scattered on the brown, dry grass crackled in an unearthly manner as the lone traveller walked along. My friend said the surroundings gave him the impression that something terrible was going to happen, but he could not turn back, seemingly impelled by some unseen force to pursue his path. At last he came to a brook whose banks were so sloping that they could almost be called hills. As he stood there his gaze was attracted by the figure of something coming down the slope in the distance, which seemed to be making its way toward him. As it drew nearer he saw that it was a man. From his first sight of the figure he was seized with an awful terror which seemed to grow more and more intense as the man came nearer. On the figure coming closer he could see the face of the man in the twilight of the shaded wood, but not distinctly. What a face it was! It had the pallor of death and the eyes seemed to lack the light of life. Still the man came on and the watcher's heart beat faster and faster. Finally, with a light spring, the figure leaped across the brook and stood right before my friend, who then, to his horror, saw his own face—dead, not a sign of life visible; the eyes glassy and expressionless and the color of the flesh as marble! Then the horror of the situation awakened him and he found himself in the condition described above. He slept no more that night, and for a week after he thought about the portents of the awful vision, but finally the remembrance of that terrible night died out. About a month after he had the same dream without a single detail altered, and, peculiarly, it all seems new to him, he having no recollection while dreaming of ever having seen the vision before. So during the year he has undergone the same experience ten times.

It is only of late years that rheumatism has been treated as a blood disease. But that this is a correct theory is proved by the extraordinary success attending the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, in this painful and very prevalent malady. It seldom fails of radical cure.

During the last year applications for the grant of British patents for inventions were more numerous than in any previous year, the number being 25,102.

Telephone operators in Belgium are required to pass an examination in French, German, English and Flemish, and to be able to draw a map of Europe.

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The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.
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NOTICE.

The Public Library and Reading Room, City Hall, will be closed during repairs until further notice.
By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., April 23, 1894.

NOTICE.

Separate tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Thursday next, the 26th inst., at 4 p.m., for supplying summer uniforms, caps and shoes for members of the police force.
Samples to accompany tenders in each case.
Specifications may be seen at the office of the Chief of Police.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
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WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., C.M.C.
24th April, 1894.

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(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.)
The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.
First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates, University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.
Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply
PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.
feb3 s,m,f&w 1y]

Real Estate.
TO LEASE—1 farm of 67 acres, 6 miles from city, water front, $150 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 9 miles from city with new 8-room house, etc., $250 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 20 miles from city, close to Sidney & Victoria Railway, cottage, stable, etc., $200 per year.
FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 18 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 265 acres fenced; 80 acres bush; good black soil; River river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, post-office, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within 1 and two miles. Price, $2,500.
80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.
THREE LOTS, 60x148 EACH. Splendid position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($650) or single $225 each. Postoffice box 264.
A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station
S. A. STODDART
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25,
and guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years.
Nickle Alarm Clocks $1.10.
Aluminum Alloy Composite
HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO
Iron, Steel and Brass Founders
2 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 80 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystalizing, prevents blowholes and sponginess.
Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, formerly considered an impossibility.
Price, $5 per 100-pound box, $28 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $80 per ton.
Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.
The Hatfield Furnace and Refining Co., Newport, Ky.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

UNION IS STRENGTH.

Exemplified in the Case of the Kerr Family of Esquimalt.

Mrs. Kerr and her son, of Esquimalt Road, will appear in the Provincial Police Court Friday morning in answer to a summons charging them with assault. The summons was sworn out by David Green, driver in the employ of the Sehl, Hastie, Erskine Company. The circumstances of the case are these:

The Kerr family obtained goods from Sehl, Hastie & Erskine on instalment. For upwards of a year nothing has been paid on the goods, and Green was yesterday commissioned to collect the account or take the goods. He went to the Kerr house armed with the agreement giving the furniture house the right to take away the goods in the event of non-payment. Green drove down a large wagon in which to put the goods. He knocked at the door and Mrs. Kerr appeared. He said he had come for the money or the goods. The lady replied that he should have neither. He walked past her and was about to begin taking away the goods when Mrs. Kerr picked up a meat cleaver and began flourishing it in the air. Green was not to be frightened by hot words and cold steel, and quickly resumed his business. The son soon put in an appearance with a shot gun, and pointed it at Green. Green then "let go" the furniture. The daughter, in the meanwhile, had ran out to the wagon and was beginning to untie the horses. Green saw the odds were against him, and, although he is by no means a small man, he gave the scheme up as useless. This is Green's story. The other side will be heard in the court in the morning.

Wonderful $1 Shoes for Girls
At Russell & McDonald's.

Brief Locals.

—The "talent" social at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church will not take place to-night but to-morrow night. "Talent" socials are becoming quite a fad. They are very interesting affairs, and this one gives every promise of being so.

—The concert given last evening by the Arion (call it Ah-rye-on, with the accent on the rye, and no invidious suspicions of a sour mash pun) club was in every sense of the word successful. Wm. Greig, the experienced conductor, handled the baton and deserved the praise bestowed. It was voted by all present the best concert the club has given. The next time the Arions give a concert the wisest thing for the audience to do will be to get there early, for there is likely to be quite a number of sonny aisles in sight long before the overture is started.

—They buried little Lyn Yuen, the poor little Chinese girl who drowned herself because she feared a whipping, at two o'clock this afternoon. The funeral took place in the rain and was not a regular Chinese funeral. There were only a few present and they gave every evidence of feeling terribly sorry that the child was gone. With all their faults and short-comings, seen through Christian spectacles, the Chinese as a nation have a greater regard for the responsibilities of parents and teachers for children than any other nation on earth. When Quong Yuen told Lyn she must be careful and not break the skylight he told her he did not want the people living down stairs to think he did not "teach her to have good sense," as he put it. That was his greatest care.

Wonderful $1 Shoes for Boys
At Russell & McDonald's.

First Railway in Persia.

The Russian press are talking of a plan to construct a railway from the Caspian Sea to the Persian Gulf. It is said that the Russian legation at Teheran is using all its efforts to obtain the consent of the shah's government for the construction of a railway, beginning at Recht and ending at Teheran, a Russian syndicate being already formed. This is only one section of the future railway destined to connect the Caspian Sea and the Indian ocean, crossing the whole of Persia. It can be considered as taking up the projects of an English company of twenty years ago. In 1873 Baron Reuter received a concession from the shah for a railway going from Bender-Bouchie to Tauris, with a branch to Tiflis and Trebizonde. This plan failed on account of Russian opposition. Some years afterwards Prince Dolgorouki presented another plan, but the shah would not consent. It was a question of extending the railway ending at Bakou toward Leukoran, Recht, Asterabad, Meschéd, Sarachs, to Candahar in Afghanistan. This line would pass through the northern provinces of Persia and would have been parallel to the trans-Caspian military railway. The new railway through Persia, protected by the Russians, seems to be very important to them. The Novoie Vremia declares that it is not to the Bosphorus but to the Persian Gulf and to the Ormus that the Russian empire should endeavor to carry its universal commerce. The English will be excited over this plan. We will see if their diplomacy can annul the efforts of the Russians.

NATIONAL MILLS,
OUTER WHARF.

TRY
Our Special
CHOP FEED
$20.00 per ton.

The Brackman & Ker Milling Co., Ltd.
125 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA B.C.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

THE RING.

NOT SO CONFIDENT.

London, April 25.—Corbett's reception by the British public to-night was as serious as though he had been really a leading American actor. Even his pugilistic display was accepted with as solemn attention as Edwin Booth's great outbursts in "Richelieu." Clement Scott of the Telegraph was present to criticise, and the pit was not so exuberant as at Irving's first night in "Faust." Corbett will probably not equal here his American success on the theatrical stage.

No progress has been made in arranging for his appearance in another arena, and there seems to be no probability of a meeting between himself and Jackson in England. The chief financial backer of the National Sporting Club says he will never consent to a fight to a finish, and Corbett declares he will not fight a limited number of rounds.

He said to the World correspondent to-night: "There is nothing new, of course, since I left New York. I have seen no one here with regard to arranging a match, and I am in no hurry to do so. Under our agreement our match was to have taken place in America some time in June next. After that time I shall be willing to arrange for a meeting here. I have not said that I would fight a fixed number of rounds. I shall be lucky to beat him at all."

CORBETT'S COMPLIMENTS.

London, April 26.—In an interview Corbett is quoted as saying: "The British public is darned kind. In London it is just like home." Corbett intends to abandon the ring if he should defeat Jackson, and adopt the stage.

FOOTBALL.

VICTORS NOT VANQUISHED ARE WANTED.

San Francisco, April 26.—At a meeting of the Pacific Coast Association Football League the secretary read a communication from British Columbia giving an account of the final cup tie match there between the Nanaimo Rangers and Victoria Wanderers, which resulted in a victory for the Victoria players. The Nanaimo team is under contract to play at the fair on May 24th, 26th and 27th, and as the local players are unwilling to play any club other than the champions, it is more than likely the Rangers of Nanaimo will be shunted in favor of the Victorians or a representative team of British Columbia football players.

NOTES.

May 1 the Northfield athletic grounds will re-open. There will be a programme of sporting events.

Union Gun club meeting Friday night at the office of B. Williams.

The School played against Form VI. of the Victoria College in a game of cricket at Beacon Hill yesterday afternoon. Score 76 to 66 in favor of the school.

The Popular Remedy.

Every cough and cold can be speedily and effectually cured if promptly treated by the use of Atwood's Cough Cure, which is steadily gaining the appreciation of the public.

By the timely and regular use of this valuable specific, the assailed functions of the throat and lungs are quickly restored to healthy vitality and the seeds of what might prove permanent and fatal, annihilated.

Testimonials to its healing powers are being received daily and will be gladly shown to anyone by the proprietors.

The cough remedy is sold by all druggists.

R. J. W. Atwood & Co., 68 Douglas street, Victoria, sole manufacturers.

PERSONAL.

W. A. Duncan, Westminster, is in the city.

Steamboat Inspector Collister returned to the Mainland this morning.

The first Raymond excursion party from the south will arrive in Victoria Saturday.

Valentine Ottaway has recovered from his recent injuries caused by falling from a scaffold.

Mrs. J. H. Meldram, Mrs. Lenz and Miss Cook are passengers in the Umatilla homeward bound.

Staff Commander Frank J. Harwood, of the Hyacinth, has arrived from England. He will join his vessel here.

At the Oriental: Jno. Bain and wife, L. Mounce, Wellington; W. A. Duncan, Westminster; J. M. Butters, Everett; S. A. Spencer, Alert Bay; F. J. Walker, Vancouver.

S. D. Mason, Miss Ethelyn Mason, Tacoma; Miss Charlotte Shephard, St. Paul; Arthur Poole, Toronto; A. Bregnall, Montreal; A. McQueen, Vancouver; A. W. Smith and wife, Lillooet, are registered at the Driard.

DIED.

FOORD—At Burgoyne Bay, April 18th, Mrs. M. A. Foord, wife of Mr. Frederick Foord, aged 78 years.

The severest cases of rheumatism, are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier. Now is the time to take it. Hood's cures.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—A Donaldson, J W Arnold, O Willett, M Marsden, T Sim, Capt Walker, K K Peiser, A McQueen, R Collister, M Strouss, A W Smith, G S Dutcher, C K Digby Jones, W J McCallum, Mrs Lindsey, Mrs A W Smith, S A Spencer, W A Duncan, A Rignall, S Prior, Thomas Bradbury, H Baker.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—E Wall & Co, Lenz & Leiser, Turner Beeton & Co, Thorpe & Co, Carter Rice & Co, H Bay Co, Langley & Co, C Braund & Co, R McBright & Son, Hall & Co, F Norris, E G Prior & Co, A F Turner, Watson & Geiger, Perry & Turner, Cookson & Plows, T Haughton & Co, G A Richardson, M & H A Fox, G Doughty, A Papeschi, Gilmore & McCandless, J Tollick, Price & Jaynes, R McDonald, R W Higginbotham, W Blackie, Wilson Bros, J H Brown, Dom Exp Co.

To prevent the hardening of the subcutaneous tissues of the scalp and the obliteration of the hair follicles, which cause baldness, use Hall's Hair Renewer.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

THE MARKETS

A Short Summary Covering Articles Produced by the Farmer.

Millstuffs and feeds are advancing a little and while there has been no increase in the retail price the local importers will very likely have to mark them up a point or two. There are some new California potatoes in the market. They are retailing at 2 1-2 cents per pound. Larger shipments are expected on the next San Francisco steamship. There are a few good Florida bananas in the market and the best of them sell at 40 cents a dozen. Eggs are still very low indeed. They are laid down here from the Sound at 14 and 16 cents a dozen and sell at 20 cents. The limed eggs retail at 12 1-2 cents.

Retail prices below.

Flour	
Salem	5 75
Oglivie's (Hungarian)	6 00
Lake of the Woods (Hungarian)	6 00
Premier	6 00
Three Star	5 75
Victoria	5 75
Lion	5 75
Royal	5 50
Wheat, per ton	30 00@40 00
Oats, per ton	32 50@35 00
Barley, per ton	32 00@35 00
Middlings, per ton	30 00
Bran, per ton	27 00@30 00
Ground Feed, per ton	30 00@35 00
Corn, whole	45 00
" cracked	50 00
Cornmeal, per 10 lbs	40
Oatmeal, per 10 lb	50
Rolled Oats, per lb	6
Potatoes, per lb	1 1-4@1 1-2
Potatoes new, California	2 1-2
Potatoes, seed	2
California sweet potatoes, per lb	3
Cabbage	3
Hay, baled, per ton	18 00@20 00
Straw, per bale	1 00
Onions, per lb	4
Eggs, per doz	12 1-2@20
Australian sugar, per pound	6 1-2
Butter, Island roll, (2 lbs)	60@75
California Creamery	60@75
Cheese, Canadian, per lb, retail	20
" American, per lb	18@20
Hams, American, per lb	20@22
" Canadian, per lb	17@22
Bacon, American, per lb	22
" Rolled, per lb	18
" Long clear, per lb	17
Shoulders, per lb	14
Lard, per lb	18@20
Pig's feet, per doz	75
Tongues and Sounds, per kit	2 25
Meats—Beef, per lb	7@15
Sides, per lb	8@9
Mutton, per lb	10@15
Pork, fresh, per lb	12@15
Chickens, per pair	1.50@2.00
Turkeys, per lb	20@25
Geese, per lb	20@25
Fish—Smoked salmon (spring) per lb	15
Fish—Salmon (Spring), per lb	10@12
Rabbits, apiece	50
Salmon (Smoked), per lb	8@10
Halibut	10@12
Smoked halibut	12 1-2
Cod, per lb	8@10
" (Nfd), per lb	12 1-2
Small fish	5@8
Smelts, per lb	10@12
Sturgeon, per lb	7@8
Herring (Labrador), per doz	50
" (smoked) "	50
Eastern oysters, fresh, per quart	75
Fruits—Apples, per pound	5@8
Florida bananas, per doz	40
Oranges—California.	
" Seedlings	25
" Naval	40@50
Lemons, California, per doz	25@35
" (Australian)	25@30
Pine apples, apiece	25@50
Cranberries, per quart	15
Island rhubarb, per lb	8
Asparagus, per lb	10
Cauliflower, per lb	8
Green peas, per lb	10

Scrofula

is Disease Germs living in the Blood and feeding upon its Life. Overcome these germs with

Scott's Emulsion

the Cream of Cod-liver Oil, and make your blood healthy, skin pure and system strong. *Physicians*, the world over, endorse it.

Don't be deceived by Substitutes!

Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE,
30 Broad Street.

Extra Choicest Moyune Gunpowder Tea
80 cents per lb.
R. H. JAMESON, - 33 Fort Street.

The Very Finest
New Season's

MAPLE SYRUP

...AT...

Erskine, Wall & Co's

COR. GOV'T & FORT STS.

S. P. SMITH, of Towanda, Pa., whose constitution was completely broken down, is cured by **Ayer's Sarsaparilla**. He writes:

"For eight years, I was, most of the time, a great sufferer from constipation, kidney trouble, and indigestion, so that my constitution seemed to be completely broken down. I was induced to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and took nearly seven bottles, with such excellent results that my stomach, bowels, and kidneys are in perfect condition, and, in all their functions, as regular as clock-work. At the time I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, my weight was only 129 pounds; I now can brag of 159 pounds, and was never in so good health. If you could see me before and after using, you would want me for a traveling advertisement. I believe this preparation of Sarsaparilla to be the best in the market to-day."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

Argyle House

83 Douglas Street.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

JUST RECEIVED

Ladies' Undervests, 10c. each

1 Case more of those Ladies' Black Seamless Cotton Hose, at 15c. a pair.

White Checked Muslins, 10c. a yard.

Art Muslin, 12 yds. for $1.

Boys' and Girls' Sailor Hats, 20c. each.

Heavy Double Width Serges, 25c. a yard.

Children's Handkerchiefs, 40c. per doz.

J. Horner & Co.

NOTICE.

A meeting of the creditors of the estate of Green, Worlock & Co., will be held at the Y.M.C.A. Hall, Broad street, on Friday evening, the 27th instant, at the hour of seven o'clock, for the purpose of considering the advisability of applying to the court under the provisions of The Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890, for an order removing some one or more of the present trustees of the said estate, and appointing some other person or persons to act in the place of the trustee or trustees so removed.

Dated the 25th day of April, 1894.

NOAH SHAKSPEARE,
For the committee appointed at the Pioneer Hall meeting.

NOT RESPONSIBLE.

BR. SHIP BENMORE.

Capt. Scott, from Liverpool.

Neither the Captain nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the above named vessel without their written order.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.,
a25-1m Agents.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF,

LIMITED.

Agricultural Implements.
Builders Hardware.
Paints and Oils.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Priestley's Dress Materials

Every lady should be interested in the fact that the *Priestley's* Dress Materials are to be had from the better class of dealers throughout Canada. For beauty, texture and enduring quality, they are unequalled. Manufactured as they are in pure wool, and in silk and wool interwoven, these goods have a soft richness which is a perfect delight to a lady of taste.

Priestley's goods are mostly in black, and in black and white.

A gown in Priestley's fabrics retains its style and beauty as long as there is anything of it left, hence they are the most economical for all classes.

N.B. TRADE MARK THE VARNISHED BOARD ON WHICH THE GOODS ARE WRAPPED.

The cheap and vile-smelling matches
That splutter and will not light
Can no more be compared with
E. B. Eddy's matches than a tallow
Candle compares with electric light.

"Telegraph," "Telephone" and "Parlor" matches maintain unquestioned supremacy.

WHOLESALE PRICES

DIRECT TO PURCHASERS.

They are THE BEST Ever Offered

You will save fifty per cent. by sending for them. Why not deal direct and get the Best Stock at Best Prices and in Best Condition!

PRAIRIE QUEEN NURSERY, HENRY W. ASH, Prop., West Union, Iowa.

FRESH and RELIABLE

Seeds THAT WILL GROW is what you require if you would have a bountiful crop of Vegetables and Flowers. We can supply you with the best seed in all varieties. Also thousands of

FOLIAGE AND FLOWERING PLANTS,

Now ready to select from

G. A. McTAVISH,
9 Park Road, Victoria.
Catalogues mailed free.

Esquimalt Fortifications

It is reported that

500 Men are Wanted

If you are engaged use **PENDRAY'S SOAP** and advise your neighbors to; it is is the best cleaner on the market, and keeps your money circulated at home.

Ask Your Grocer for Pendray's

W. J. STODDART,

Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler,
New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures. Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler.

WE GRIND

Special and complicated Lenses for all the leading oculists of Victoria and the Province. Our work is equal in accuracy, quality and finish to the best that can be had ANYWHERE, and our prices are lower than if you sent away for the glasses.

F. W. Nolte & Co.,
THE ONLY OPTICIANS, 37 Fort St.

If you want your glasses neatly repaired bring them to us.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Halifax.

Allan Line, Sardinian	May 5
Allan Line, Laurentian	May 12
Dominion Line, Labrador	May 1
Dominion Line, Toronto	May 5
Beaver Line, Ontario	May 1
Beaver Line, Superior	May 8

From New York.

Cunard Line, Lucania	May 5
Cunard Line, Umbria	May 12
White Star Line, Teutonic	May 2
White Star Line, Britanic	May 9
American Line, Berlin	May 2
American Line, New York	May 9
Nor. German Lloyd, Havel	May 1
Nor. German Lloyd, Saale	May 5
Anchor Line, Furnessia	May 5
Anchor Line, Circassia	May 10
Red Star Line, Westernland	May 2
Red Star Line, Noordland	May 9

Saloon fares from $40 to $90 according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 to $40. Steerage, $23 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts.